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FERROELECTRICS, and
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**JOINT MEETING
2003 IEEE INTERNATIONAL
FREQUENCY CONTROL SYMPOSIUM & PDA EXHIBITION
and
17TH EUROPEAN FREQUENCY AND TIME FORUM
5-8 May 2003
and
TUTORIALS
4 May 2003**



January 28, 2003

Dear Col leagues and Mem bers:

I would like to welcome the four newly elected AdCom members, and wish them the best of suc cess dur ing their ten ure in the ser vice of the UFFC. I also would like to thank the outgoing AdCom members for their most valu able ser vice to the So ci ety.

As some of you may know, Dr. James Green leaf, the Vice Pres i dent of Ultrasonics and the chair of this com mit tee, has stepped down as of the very be gin ning of 2003. Un der his lead er ship, the Ultrasonics Com mu nity has grown substantially, and for that, we are very thank ful to him. He did a mar vel ous job in deed. Mean while, I would like to welcome the new Vice President of Ultrasonics, Dr. Clemence Ruppel, and wish him the best of suc cess.

The year 2002 has in deed been a very ac tive pe riod of time, dur ing which the UFFC has or ga nized three re mark ably suc cess ful in ter na tional meet ings, i.e. ISAF 2002 in Nara Ja pan, Fre quency Con trol sym po sia in New Or leans, and the Ultrasonics sym po sia in Mu nich Ger many. The sci en tific qual ity and the at ten dance in those three meet ings were out stand ing. Es pe cially, the Mu nich meet ing of Ultrasonics has hosted over 950 at ten dees—a re cord in its his tory. I would like to thank all the gen eral chairs, com mit tee chairs and mem bers, and all those who con trib uted in mak ing these sym po sia such a suc cess.

On an other pos i tive note, in the year 2002, the UFFC was one of the fast est grow ing so ci eties in the IEEE. At a time when the ma jor ity of the 36 so ci eties showed a de cline in mem ber ship through out 2002, our so ci ety has been ranked in the top five growth so ci eties for many months in the year. The rea sons for such growth might be at trib uted to the in crease in the num ber of “ferroelectricians” who have joined UFFC-Ferro elec trics and



the state of the art web-based ser vices pro vided by UFFC such as the dig i tal ar chives. And it is my hope that this ex em plary growth of our so ci ety will con tinue in 2003, which again, is intimately re lated to the mem ber ship’s ac tive role in pro mot ing UFFC.

Also re gard ing last years ac tivities, I would like to tell you that the UFFC’s fi nancial status has been steady. In these dire eco nomic con di tions, we have man aged to stay afloat, which, I be lieve, is a clear in di ca tion of what we can ac com plish when we pull to gether even in such try ing times. Last year, I have made ev ery ef fort to bring new blood to our ranks, as I

al ways be lieved that it would be in the best in ter est to our pro fes sion and our so ci ety. Also, sev eral new vice-chairs of com mit tees have been ap pointed to work with the cur rent chairs so that they can take over as of next year af ter hav ing brought up to speed for a pe riod of one year. I be lieve that will pro vide those com mit tees with an ef fi cient way in deal ing with the tran si tion of au thor ity from the out go ing chair to the in com ing one.

In the be gin ning of 2003, I have ini ti ated an e-mail dis cus sion on the im ple men ta tion of new amend ment(s) in the by-laws whereby the term of ap pointment for the Stand ing Com mit tee mem bers would be well de fined and lim ited as that of any other officer’s such as the Pres i dent and elected AdCom mem bers. That would en able us the have se nior and ju nior peo ple work to gether over some suit able pe riod of time, thereby re sult ing in a seam less tran si tions in those po si tions. I firmly be lieve that no so ci ety can grow in scope and ser vice with out the re newal and reju venation of its think tank.

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FREQUENCY CONTROL

Joint Meeting 2003 IEEE International Frequency Control Symposium and PDA Exhibition and 17th European Frequency and Time Forum Tutorials on 4 May, Symposium 5-8 May 2003 at the Marriott Waterside Hotel, Tampa Florida, USA

Special Notes

- Cutoff date for hotel room reservations is **April 11, 2003** in order to get the preferred room rates (regular rates are about \$70 per night higher). Please
- Reservations can be made by contacting Marriott reservations at 1-888-268-1616, or the hotel directly at 813-221-4900.
- Advance registration for the symposium and tutorials must be received prior to **18 April 2003**.
- Complete symposium information may be found at: http://www.ieee-uffc.org/freqcontrol/2003FCS/2003_FCS.htm

Invitation to attend

The Symposium is sponsored by the IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics & Frequency Control Society and the European Frequency and Time Forum; and the Exhibition is sponsored by the Piezoelectric Devices Association

The first joint meeting in the United States of the IEEE International Frequency Control Symposium, the European Frequency and Time Forum and the Piezoelectric Devices Association is scheduled for 5-8 May 2003 at the Marriott Waterside in Tampa Bay, Florida. This unique meeting will combine the technical sessions of the leading conferences in Europe and the United States with the industry's largest commercial exhibition organized by the Piezoelectric Devices Association.

The latest technical developments related to materials, components, and systems will be presented in technical sessions suitable for commercial and academic research scientists, applications engineers, and timekeeping specialists that benefit from knowledge of frequency control technology at current state of the art standards. Those involved directly or indirectly with manufacturing, specifying, measuring, or otherwise using time and frequency control technology will benefit from attendance.

The latest in materials, manufacturing equipment, and frequency control products will be on exhibit in over 50 booths throughout the conference.

Tutorial sessions broadly covering the existing knowledge base of frequency control technology will be offered on 4 May. These tutorials are presented by the most experienced experts in the community and are suitable for newcomers and experienced members of technical staffs seeking to upgrade and broaden their knowledge.

This conference will attract over 500 participants from more than 25 countries, providing a special opportunity to attend an especially large number of technical presentations of the highest quality, remain current on commercial developments, and to make new acquaintances in the frequency control community or renew old friendships with colleagues from around the world.

Gary R. Johnson
Sawyer Research Products, Inc.

Symposium Site Information

Tampa is a city of 300,000 people located at the top of Tampa Bay on the western (Gulf) coast of Florida. Tampa enjoys an average May temperature of 25 C (78 F) and more than 300 sunny days per year. Tampa was first a home to Native Americans; the first white settlement in Tampa was in 1823. In the 19th century rapid growth was stimulated by the fishing industry, phosphate mining, construction of railroads and the introduction of cigar making. Tampa today is home to vibrant industry and entertainment and some of the most succulent sea food in the U.S.

The Tampa Marriott Waterside Hotel will host the Symposium in 2003; the Waterside hotel is located directly on the Tampa waterfront, close to downtown and the famous Ybor City. The conference hotel rates extend through the weekend both before and after the Symposium (on a space available basis; please make reservations early), so plan to extend your stay and enjoy the attractions of Tampa.

Tampa's attractions include:

Tampa is the home of Ybor City, the former "Cigar Capital of the World" and location of 200 cigar factories. Demonstrations by master tabaqueros (cigar makers) illustrate the traditional techniques of hand rolled cigars. Ybor City, Tampa's Latin Quarter, has exciting entertainment and restaurants where the Cuban sandwiches are hot and crisp. Visit the legendary Columbia Res-

restaurant for traditional Spanish bean soup, paella and exotic Flamenco dancing. Visit the Henry Plant Museum and experience a quintessential Victorian palace built in the unique Moorish revival style to reflect the Gilded Age of railroads in the U.S. Visit the Florida Aquarium to see Florida's spectacular wild life in natural settings. The Aquarium provides a boat tour of Tampa Bay where you can expect to see bottle nose dolphins and the docile (and endangered) manatees. At the Museum of Science and Industry, experience the winds of a Gulf coast hurricane or enjoy a film in the OMNI dome theater. Tampa is also home to Busch Gardens, a theme park famous for its large exhibit of African animals and its tropical gardens.

Transportation Information

IEEE Travel Services has negotiated excellent rates for travel to the upcoming IEEE Frequency Control Symposium, 4-8 May 2003 with Continental Airlines and United Airlines. You can take advantage of these savings whether IEEE Travel Services arranges your trip, you work with your own agency or corporate travel department, or you're a DIY-er, booking your own travel online through the airline.

The IEEE Travel Team also offers substantial benefits with other carriers, if you arrange travel through IEEE Travel Services.

Lower-than-published air fares are available through use of unique Meeting Travel Codes. Please note, these codes have been established for use for the IEEE Frequency Control Symposium only and will expire on 6 May 2003.

Continental Airlines

Reference#UDBJMR

Ticket designator Code ZW81

United Airlines

Reference#KR7MTGN

Reference ID 500TS

Avis Rental Car Company

A606098

We strongly encourage you to take advantage of these codes. If you arrange travel with the IEEE Travel Team, they automatically handle the discount opportunity. If you book on your own, or through an other agency, please use these special codes for savings.

Travel arrangements using the negotiated air carriers or the carriers of your choice can be made through IEEE Global Travel Services by calling between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. EST. Monday through Friday. Within the US and Canada, call +1 800 TRY IEEE, (+1 800 879 4333); and outside of the US and Canada, call +1 732 562 5387. Or, you may visit our on-line travel service web site at <http://www.ieee-travelonline.org>. This secure site offers simple and convenient service through which you can search, reserve, and ticket your travel anytime, anywhere. Or, you can e-mail your request to travel-team@ieee.org.

You may also fax your requirements to the IEEE Global Travel Services at +1 732 562 8815. When faxing, please be sure to include your travel dates, departure, and return times, and phone and fax numbers. A Travel Counselor will contact you promptly.

Hotel Reservations

The Tampa Marriott Waterside is located at 700 South Florida Ave, Tampa Florida. The easiest way to reserve rooms is on the hotel website: <http://www.marriott.com/tpamc>. Click on Reserve a Room (upper left margin) and enter the appropriate dates and Group Code (defined below). You may also call the hotel at 813-221-4900 to make your reservation. *Reservations must be made with the hotel directly in order to get the discounted group rate. Be sure to mention you are attending the "IEEE Meeting".*

The Group Code is: "IEEIEEA". Note that the reduced group room rate (\$149 USD per night) is available for three days before and after the Symposium. Arrangements have been made with the hotel to offer a limited number of rooms at a reduced rate (\$133.50 USD per night) to U.S. Government employees only..

The Group Code for government rooms is: "IEGIEGA". Government ID and/or government travel orders must be presented at time of check-in to qualify for these rates. The government rooms are being offered on a first-come first-served basis to U.S. government employees

All reservations must be made by 4 April, 2003. Any reservations made after this cut-off date will only be honored on a space available basis. Check in time at the Marriott Waterside is 4:00 p.m. and check out time is 12:00 Noon. Individual reservations may be cancelled without penalty by 6 pm of the scheduled day of arrival.



Parking at the Hotel

Parking at the hotel is \$11.20 per day. There is municipal parking available at rates which vary from day to day.

Tutorial Session Information

This year the Tutorials will be held on Sunday, May 4th from 8:00AM until 5:00PM. Our tutorial leaders have been selected from among the best experts in the world. The tutorial

presentations are designed for newcomers to the field, as well as containing state-of-the-art material for experienced practitioners desiring to keep up-to-date. We look forward to your participation.

Dr. John Prestage
Tutorials Chair
Jet Propulsion Laboratory

A single registration fee will allow attendees to participate in the Tutorials, in all of the sessions, and includes lunch as well as morning and afternoon refreshment breaks, and a CD containing copies of the tutorial presentations. The advanced registration fee for IEEE/PDA members is \$200, if received no later than 18 April, and \$225 for on-site registration. The advanced registration fee for non-members is \$200, if received no later

than 18 April and \$225 for on-site registration. All registration fees **MUST BE PAID IN US DOLLARS**. In order to receive the reduced rate, you must submit your payment with your registration form. The registration fee for FULL-TIME students and FULL-TIME retirees is \$50. A limited number of additional copies of the instructional material (CD only) will be available at a cost of \$75 at the registration desk.

Starting this year, the attendance at each tutorial will be recognized with Continuous Education Units (CEUs) to help maintain the Professional Engineer (PE) License.

Tutorials on the Web

The slides from last year's tutorial presentations may be viewed on the UFFC website. This year's tutorials are expected to be even better.

2003 Tutorial Briefs

Introduction to Time and Frequency Transfer

—*T.E. Parker, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), USA*

This tutorial will provide an introduction to the technology of time and frequency transfer. Users of time and frequency range from the casual user who simply wants to set his/her watch to the nearest minute to high precision navigation and telecommunication users where nanoseconds are important. Consequently there are a wide range of services that are provided. The first part of the tutorial will be a brief introduction to what time and frequency references are available and to the statistical techniques used to quantify time and frequency transfer instabilities and uncertainties. Next, the range of transfer services will be surveyed. The techniques discussed will include, Internet time services, telephone dial up services, earth based radio broadcasts, one way time transfer using the Global Positioning System (GPS), common-view GPS, carrier-phase GPS, and Two-Way Satellite Time and Frequency Transfer (TWSTFT). The basic concepts of each technique will be presented along with typical performance characteristics. The sources of instability and error will be reviewed. Internet, telephone, and radio broadcasts make up what can be considered low precision services where the best accuracy that can be achieved may range from a second to tens of microseconds. The GPS based services and TWSTFT can be considered high precision services where accuracies ranging from hundreds of nanoseconds to nearly a nanosecond can be achieved. Ultimately, the performance attained may depend strongly on the quality of the users local clock.

Thomas E. Parker received his B.S. in Physics from Allegheny College in 1967. He received his M.S. in 1969 and his Ph.D. in 1973, both in Physics, from Purdue University. In August 1973, Dr. Parker joined the Professional Staff of the Raytheon Research Division, Lexington, Massachusetts, USA. At Raytheon Dr. Parker contributed to the development

of high performance surface acoustic wave (SAW) oscillator technology, including the "All Quartz Package" for SAW devices. His primary interest was frequency stability, with an emphasis on 1/f noise, vibration sensitivity, and long-term frequency stability. In June of 1994 Dr. Parker joined the Time and Frequency Division of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in Boulder, Colorado, USA. He is the leader of the Atomic Frequency Standards Group and his interests include primary frequency standards, time scales, and time/frequency transfer technology. Dr. Parker is a Fellow of the IEEE.

Introduction to Quartz Frequency Standards

—*J. R. Vig, US Army CECOM, USA*

The subject of quartz frequency standards will be reviewed. Emphasis will be on those aspects, which are of greatest interest to users (as opposed to designers). The discussion will include:

- crystal resonator and oscillator basics;
- the characteristics and limitations of temperature compensated crystal oscillators (TCXOs) and oven controlled crystal oscillators (OCXOs);
- oscillator instabilities: aging; noise;
- the effects on frequency stability of: temperature, acceleration, radiation, warm-up, pressure, magnetic field, and the oscillator circuitry;
- guidelines for oscillator comparison, selection and specification.

A pre view of this tutorial can be found on the web at: <http://www.ieee-uffc.org/fc>

John R. Vig holds 53 patents and has authored more than 100 publications and book chapters. He is a Fellow of the IEEE, and was the recipient of the 1990 IEEE Cady Award for outstanding contributions to the development of improved

quartz crystals and processing techniques, significantly advancing the field of precision frequency control and timing. He was the Distinguished Lecturer of the IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society (UFFC-S) for 1992-93, and he was president of the IEEE UFFC-S in 1998-99. He was awarded the IEEE UFFC-S's highest award, the UFFC-S Achievement Award, in 2000. Currently, he serves on the Board of Directors of the IEEE. In his day job, he leads a frequency control research program in the US Army Communications-Electronics Command.

PLL (Phase Lock Loops)

—*M. Underhill, Philips Research Laboratories, UK*

Frequency synthesis and demodulation are the two main applications of the PLL. For frequency synthesis the stability and low noise of a fixed frequency reference is optically transferred to a variable voltage controlled oscillator (VCO). The PLL can also be used to filter and demodulate FM and PM, and also to extract a carrier (or clock) for synchronous AM and datademodulation.

In all applications the best choice of loop bandwidth and loop time response has to be made. In the synthesizer the bandwidth determines how much the VCO phase noise and the reference frequency 'spurs' from the phase comparator may be reduced. In a demodulator the loop bandwidth is a compromise between fast acquisition of lock and extraction capability.

The design of a PLL is a compromise between reference noise, VCO noise, phase comparator noise and 'spurs', loop type, loop time response and settling time. Simple design principles and 'rules' for optimum designs will be presented. A modified Leeson's model is used for the oscillator phase noise spectra and the importance of phase comparator noise reduction is stressed.

The design principles and rules will be illustrated by a (novel?) PLL Analytic System Simulator (PASS) written in Mathcad. For any PLL the PASS presents the loop root locus plot, loop transfer function as a Bode Plot, loop time response, and the filtering effect of the appropriate closed loop transfer functions on phase comparator noise and VCO noise. It responds to parameter changes in about 1 second.

Total Time Jitter is now becoming an issue for sources used in systems. Under development in the PASS is an integral algorithm, for calculating the (cycle-to-cycle) Total Time Jitter on the (VCO) output of PLL, as modified by whatever loop design parameters have been selected. Some comments on definitions for total PLL time jitter will be included.

Mike Underhill spent 24 years at Philips Research Laboratories 1960-1984 first as a research engineer and finally as Head of Systems Division. He then joined MEL the Defense and Medical part of Philips UK as Technical Director for 6 years. In 1991 he was Engineering Director of Thorn-EMI Sensors division after Thorn-EMI take-over of MEL, Mike then became a full-time academic at the University of Surrey in 1992. After a five year term as Head of Electronic and Electrical Engineering Department and Dean of Engineering he re-focused on Antenna Research (small antennas and phased arrays) and research into noise and Jitter Suppression Technology, the AJC, low noise PLLs etc. A University spin-out

company 'Toric Limited' has been formed to exploit the Jitter Suppression technology; Mike is Chairman and Technical Director. Although now part-time at the University of Surrey he still teaches RF circuits and systems and antennas. As short course activities he also teaches Radar, Sensor Fusion, and MMIC oscillators.

In the early '80s Mike led the team that produced the first Philips professional quality frequency synthesis chips, the HEF 4750 and 4751, soon to be followed by the SAA1057. These chips have lasted longer in the Philips catalogue than any other LSI devices.

Wireless Passive SAW Identification Marks and Sensors

—*L.M. Reindl, Clausthal University of Technology, Germany*

In the recent years wireless SAW sensors and identification tags have come under notice with a growing number of publications and applications. In this tutorial the operating principles of wireless passive SAW based identification marks and sensors are reviewed.

The whole radio sensor system consists of a read-out unit, comparable to an RADAR device, and a passive transponder, consisting of a surface acoustic wave (SAW) device wired to an antenna. The surface acoustic wave stores the read-out signal for a predefined period of time to suppress all environmental echo interferences. Physical or chemical effects may influence the propagation characteristics of the surface acoustic wave. Two fundamental devices allow storing and modulating of surface acoustic waves: the resonator, and the uniform or chirped delay line.

In this tutorial, the transponder setup using a reflective delay line, resonator, or impedance sensor is discussed in detail, as well as the setup of the read out unit using a pulse or FMCW radar. Special emphasis is set on the achievable accuracy and on the sensitivity range. Several applications of such sensor systems and their state-of-the-art performance is presented by way of examples which include identification marks and wireless measurements of temperature, pressure, torque, acceleration, tire-road friction, magnetic field, and water content of soil. A discussion of other resonant structures which also could be used in a passive transponder system will close the tutorial.

Leonhard Reindl received his Diploma in Physics from Technical University of Munich, Germany, in 1985 and his Dr. sc. techn. from University of Technology Vienna, Austria, in 1997. In April 1985 Dr. Reindl joined the surface acoustic wave group of the Siemens Corporate Technology Division, Munich, Germany. At Siemens Dr. Reindl contributed to the development of SAW convolvers, dispersive, tapped, and reflective delay lines. His primary interest was in the development and application of SAW ID-tag and wireless passive SAW sensor systems. In April 1999 Dr. Reindl joined the Institute of Electrical Information Technology, Clausthal University of Technology, where he became professor of communications and microwave techniques. He holds 30 patents on SAW devices and wireless passive sensors and has authored or co-authored more than 100 papers in this field. He is member of the IEEE.

Passive Atomic Frequency Standards

—*L. Cutler, Agilent Laboratories, USA*

This tutorial will cover much of the basic physics and electronics of passive atomic frequency standards. Particular attention will be paid to the design aspects that affect the accuracy and frequency stability of the standards and ways to optimize the performance. The cesium atomic beam standard will be treated in the most detail.

Leonard S. Cutler received the PhD degree in the optical physics from Stanford University in 1966. He has been heavily involved in the theory and design of atomic frequency standards and precision quartz oscillators since 1957. His present position is Distinguished Contributor, Technical Staff, Agilent Laboratories.

Low Noise Oscillator Design and Performance

—*M. Driscoll, Northrop Grumman Corporation*

This Tutorial will describe methods for achieving and verifying low phase noise in oscillators operating in the HF through microwave frequency bands. A comparison of oscillator stabilization elements will be discussed, including acoustic, coaxial, and dielectric resonators. Also included will be a description of recently developed feedback and feed-forward techniques for detection and reduction of oscillator sustaining stage amplifier near-carrier noise. Tutorial topics will include: Frequency Stability Measures and Measurement, Basic Oscillator Operation, Types of Resonators, Useful Network Transformations, Sustaining Stage Design, Environmental Stress Effects, Linear Frequency Tuning, Circuit Simulation & Noise Modeling, Test/Troubleshooting Methods, and Noise De-correlation and Reduction Techniques.

Michael M. Driscoll (M'80-SM'86-F-'91) is a Senior Consulting Engineer in the Signal Generation and Receive Systems Group at the Northrop Grumman Electronic Systems facility in Baltimore, MD. He is currently directing and conducting research aimed at the development of low noise signal generation hardware, primarily intended for use in radar systems. His work includes design and development of ultra-low noise RF signal processing components, especially oscillators using bulk acoustic wave, surface acoustic wave, and cooled sapphire dielectric resonator technologies.

Mike received his BSEE degree at the University of Massachusetts in 1965, when he began work at the Westinghouse Defense and Space Center in Baltimore (now Northrop Grumman). He has been a member of the IEEE Frequency Control Symposium Technical Program Committee since 1987, and he is an associate editor for the IEEE Transactions on UFFC. In 1997, he was the recipient of the IEEE UFFC Society's Cady Award for "outstanding contributions in the development of low noise signal generation technology". He holds 16 U.S. and foreign patents and is the author of over 70 technical papers appearing in IEEE journals and Symposia proceedings.

PM and AM Noise Measurement Techniques - I

—*E. Ferre-Pikal, University of Wyoming, USA*

Part I describes the fundamental concepts and definitions used in both PM and AM noise metrology. Simple PM and AM

noise measurement systems are described and analyzed. The effects of frequency translation and multiplication on the spectral purity are examined. Simple noise models for oscillators, mixers, and amplifiers are discussed.

Eva S. Ferre-Pikal received her B.S. degree in electrical engineering from the University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, in 1988. In 1989, she received her M.S. degree in electrical engineering from the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. From 1988 to 1991 she worked for AT&T Bell Laboratories in Westminster, CO. She received her Ph.D. degree from the University of Colorado at Boulder in 1996. The main topic of her thesis was the up-conversion of low frequency noise into phase and amplitude noise in BJT amplifiers.

From 1997 to 1998 she was a National Research Council Postdoctoral Research Associate at the National Institute of Standards and Technology. In 1998 she joined the Electrical Engineering Department at the University of Wyoming as an assistant professor. Her research interests are phase and amplitude noise processes in oscillators and amplifiers, the generation and synthesis of frequency stable signals, and the design and applications of low noise devices.

PM and AM Noise Measurement Techniques - II

—*C. Nelson, NIST*

Part II describes the practical aspects of phase and amplitude noise measurements. Basic measurements as well as advanced measurement techniques will be discussed. The use of PM and AM noise standards and wide-band modulators for system calibration is discussed. Two channel systems for AM and PM noise measurements that have noise floors approaching -195 dBc/Hz will be described.

Craig Nelson received his BSEE from the University of Colorado in Boulder in 1990. After working in the optical disk market and co-founding SpectraDynamics, he joined the staff at the Time and Frequency Division of the National Institute of Standards and Technology. He has worked on synthesis and control electronics, as well as software for both the NIST-7 and F1 primary frequency standards. He is presently involved in research and development of ultra-stable synthesizers, low phase noise electronics, and phase noise metrology. Current areas of research include high-speed pulsed phase noise measurements and phase noise metrology in the 100 GHz range. He has published over 20 papers and frequently presents tutorials on the practical aspects of high-resolution phase noise metrology.

Time Scales

—*P. Tavella, Istituto Elettrotecnico Nazionale, Italy*

Time Scales: keeping time and the new most demanding applications. The tutorial will deal with the definition and realization of a time scale as a system for timekeeping, but also it will consider the new demanding applications such as satellite systems and telecommunication networks where the mathematical model of the clock errors and their statistics are fundamental information.

Patrizia Tavella, degree in Physics and Ph.D. in Metrology, is now with the Istituto Elettrotecnico Nazionale, Torino, Italy in the Time Metrology Dept. Her main interests

are mathematical and statistical models mostly applied to atomic time scale algorithms and to the uncertainty evaluation of atomic clock measurements. She is involved in the European project Galileo for the development of a satellite navigation system and she chairs the CCTFWGs on TAI and on Algorithms.

The Basics of Statistical Processes and Time and Frequency

—Victor S. Reinhardt, *Boeing Satellite Systems*

Most text books on statistical process emphasize communications theory and stationary processes and do not say much about the non-stationary processes that are most important to time and frequency. This tutorial will attempt to fill that gap. It will cover the basics of statistical processes, but will emphasize areas that are important to time and frequency.

First, the basics of statistical processes will be covered, starting from the concept of a random variable. Concepts such as stationarity, ergodicity, correlation, and spectral densities will be discussed and the important distinction between ensemble and time averaging will be made.

Second, the basic concepts used in time and frequency, such as near periodicity, amplitude, phase, and frequency error will be introduced and used to illustrate the statistical concepts.

Third, linear transformations (filtering) of random variables will be discussed, and fundamental theorems relating the statistical properties of transformed variables will be presented. Applications of these theorems will be demonstrated using time and frequency examples. Graphical techniques will be introduced that aid in the understanding of system errors and demonstrate that both the standard and Allan variance can be described as a variance of a filtered system variable.

Fourth, non-stationary processes that give rise to random walk and flicker noise will be treated. Physical models will be given to graphically demonstrate how these processes arise, and techniques will be described which turn these non-stationary processes into the limits of stationary processes.

Finally, oscillator noise will be discussed. A graphical derivation of Leeson's equation will be given, showing how the feedback inherent in an oscillator gives rise to random walk and flicker of frequency noise. The importance of resonator Q in this feedback process will also be discussed.

Victor S. Reinhardt (M'77) received the B.A. degree in physics from New York University, New York, NY, in 1967, and received the M.A. and Ph.D. degrees in physics from Harvard University in 1968 and 1974 respectively. Following his Ph. D., Dr. Reinhardt was awarded a National Academy of Sciences research associateship at NASA, Goddard Space Flight Center in Greenbelt, Maryland. In 1975, he became a permanent employee of Goddard, where he ultimately became responsible for their atomic frequency standards program. In 1982, he left Goddard to work as a Senior Scientist for the Bendix Field Engineering Corporation in Columbia, Maryland, where he worked in areas ranging from precise time and frequency to far infrared optics. In 1984, Dr. Reinhardt joined the Hughes Aircraft Space and Communications Group, which became part of Boeing Satellite Systems in 2000, and he is currently a Chief Scientist at BSS. His activities there in-

clude work in high speed digital communications, digital signal processing, frequency generation and synthesis, atomic frequency standards, phased array and adaptive antennas, and mmwave electronics.

Dr. Reinhardt's professional activities include being a past chairman of the Washington, DC, IEEE I&M Section and a current member of the IEEE I&M Transactions Editorial Committee. He is also a member NASA/DOD Precise Time and Time Interval Industrial Advisory Board and the IEEE Frequency Control Symposium Technical Committee. He has 19 patents and has authored numerous papers in the areas of precise time and frequency, digital communications and signal processing, and phased array antennas. In 1994, Dr. Reinhardt received the Hughes Telecommunications and Space Patent Award, and in 2002 Dr. Reinhardt was honored by being appointed as a Boeing Technical Fellow.

Digital Measurement of Precision Oscillators

—S.R. Stein, *Timing Solutions Corporation, USA*

This tutorial reviews the subject of digital measurements of clocks and oscillators. It focuses primarily on the precision measurement of phase and the use of these measurements in estimating phase and frequency and common statistics such as the Allan deviation and the spectral density of phase. The subject matter includes direct counting, interpolating counters, dividers, heterodyne conversion, and dual-mixer systems. Biases in the measurements caused by aliasing and measurement quantization are evaluated. Analog techniques, which are used primarily to evaluate phase noise, are covered in a related tutorial.

Samuel R. Stein is founder and President of Timing Solutions Corporation, a company that specializes in real-time applications and that provides timing systems to National Laboratories, DoD programs such as GPS, and Government Prime Contractors. He has developed ultra high precision time measurement, generation and distribution systems and is an internationally recognized leader in time and frequency measurement methods and the ensembling of clocks. He was previously Technical Director at Ball Corporation (Efratom Division) and Time and Frequency Division Chief at the National Bureau of Standards (NIST). Dr. Stein has more than 48 publications and eight patents.

Techniques for Frequency Stability Analysis

—W.J. Riley, *Symmetricom, Inc., USA*

This tutorial will describe practical techniques for time-domain frequency stability analysis, using case studies and examples to illustrate the methods commonly employed to characterize precision clocks and oscillators.

Stability analysis begins with the collection of phase or frequency data, generally sampled at equal measurement intervals, preferably with time tags. These data are then processed, typically converting from phase to frequency, checking for outliers, removing drift, and then performing a stability analysis. Visual examination of the phase and frequency data is an important tool. The overall objective should be to provide insight, not just numbers.

Options exist for all of these steps, and it is the responsibility of the analyst to make reasonable choices in order to obtain meaningful results. The raw data must have adequate resolution, and be free of contamination from unwanted environmental sensitivity. Missing points, jumps, outliers, and other anomalies must be dealt with, preferably using methods of robust statistics. A suitable drift model must be selected, and an appropriate stability measure must be chosen based on the device under test and the objective of the analysis. Several new statistics are available (e.g. Hadamard, Total and Theol variances), and the analyst needs to understand their properties and applications, including such details as bias and confidence intervals, which may require that the dominant noise mechanism be correctly identified.

Other tools available to the analyst include spectral analysis, examination of the amplitude distribution, domain conversion, and simulation. There are several techniques for spectral analysis, where issues of bias and smoothing exist, and which can provide information about the noise process as well as discrete components. Simulation of clock noise, perhaps with time and frequency offset, and frequency drift, can be a powerful tool for predicting performance and gaining insight into clock behavior.

Finally, issues regarding standardization, automation, consistency, presentation, and reporting can affect the quality of the results.

The tutorial will illustrate these, and other, subjects with examples of actual stability analyses.

William J. Riley joined Symmetricom (then Frequency and Time Systems, and later Datum) in 1999 as Manager of Rubidium Technology. As a key member of the Research Department, he applies his extensive experience with rubidium frequency standards to those products within the Symmetricom organization.

From 1980 to 1998, Mr. Riley was the Engineering Manager of the Rubidium Department at EG&G. His major responsibility was to direct the design of rubidium frequency standards and related products. This work included high performance rubidium clocks for the GPS program, and a line of miniature commercial and militarized rubidium frequency standards.

Mr. Riley is also the proprietor of Hamilton Technical Services, where he develops and sells the Stable32 program for frequency stability analysis. Mr. Riley received a BSEE degree from Cornell University in 1962 and a MSEE degree from Northeastern University in 1966. He holds four patents in the area of frequency control, and has published a number of papers and articles in that field. He is a Fellow of the IEEE, and is a member of Eta Kappa Nu, the IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics and Frequency Control Society, and the Precise Time and Time Interval Advisory Board. Mr. Riley was awarded the I.I. Rabi Award in 2000.

Symposium Registration Information

Registration Fees

Each Symposium participant must register and receive a badge. The badge must be worn to gain admission to the tech-

nical sessions and the exhibit area. You will save time and money by registering in advance.

IEEE/PDA Member Fees

The advanced registration fee for IEEE members or employees of PDA member companies is \$425, with Proceedings on CD, and \$575, with paper Proceedings, for registrations received NO LATER THAN 18 April 2003. After 18 April, the registration fee for IEEE/PDA Members is \$475, with Proceedings on CD and \$625 with paper Proceedings.

Non-Member Fees

The advanced registration fee for Non-Members, received prior to 18 April 2003, is \$450, with Proceedings on CD, and \$600, with paper Proceedings. After 18 April, the registration fee for Non-Members with Proceedings on CD is \$500 and \$650 with paper Proceedings.

In order for attendees to receive the reduced rate for advanced registration, payment must be submitted with the advanced registration form. The registration fee entitles the registrant to admission to the technical sessions (but not the Tutorials), the exhibits, the refreshment breaks, two lunches, (Monday and Tuesday, 5 & 6 May) the Welcoming Reception, the Exhibitor's Reception, the Banquet and a CD containing the Proceedings of the Symposium. There is an additional charge of \$150 for a paper copy of the Proceedings. Proceedings, whether on CD or paper, will be mailed to attendees a few months after the Symposium.

One Day Registration

In addition, those individuals who wish to register for one day only may do so for a fee of \$240. Lunch is available for \$30 per day. Admission to the banquet is available for \$55. Proceedings on CD are available for \$100.

Student Fees

The registration fee for FULL-TIME students is \$75; this includes lunch for two days. Admission to the banquet is available for \$55. Proceedings are available on CD for \$50.

Retiree Fees

The registration fee for FULL-TIME retirees is \$75; this includes lunch for two days. Admission to the banquet is available for \$55. Proceedings are available on CD for \$100.

Life Members

IEEE Life Members may register at no charge. Lunch is available for \$30 per day. Admission to the banquet is available for \$55. Proceedings are available on CD for \$100.

The advanced registration form for the Symposium and Tutorials is located online at:

http://www.ieee-uffc.org/freqcontrol/2003FCS/2003_online_reg.htm. You may photocopy this form for use by additional registrants. Visa, MasterCard and American Express will be accepted. Credit card registrations ONLY can be faxed to 1.732.681.9314 or e-mailed to: mcgivneyb2@aol.com. Registrations with payments by check can be mailed to the address shown on the form. Your badge, along with receipt for fees

paid, can be picked up at the Symposium registration desk. Con firm a tions will NOT be sent un less re quested.

The reg is tra tion fee is fully re fund able up to five busi ness days be fore the Sym po sium/Tu to ri als. Af ter that date, there will be a ser vice charge of \$50. Re funds will not, how ever, be is sued once the Sym po sium and/or Tu to rial be gins. At ten dee sub sti tu tions may be made at any time.

Guest Registration

There will be a no-cost Guest Registration this year at the Sym po sium. A list of reg is tered guests will be avail able so that guests may co or di nate day time ac tiv i ties of mu tual in ter est. Reg is tered guests will re ceive a name badge. Ad mit tance to the Wel com ing Re cep tion and the Ex hib i tor's re cep tion is in cluded for regis tered guests. Admis sion to the ban quet is avail able for \$55. It would be most help ful (to preprint the name badges) if guests pre-reg is tered us ing the en closed reg is tra tion form.

Registration Desk Hours

The Reg is tra tion Desk for the Sym po sium will be open dur ing the fol low ing hours:

Sunday, May 4 from 3-5PM and 7-9PM

Mon day, May 5th from 7:30AM - 5:00PM

Tues day, May 6th from 7:30AM - 5:00PM

Wed nes day, May 7th from 7:30AM - 5:00PM

Thurs day, May 8 from 7:30 AM - Noon.

The Registration Desk hours for the Tutorial will be from 7:30AM - 5:00PM on Sunday, May 4th.

Messages

Ur gent mes sages may be left by call ing the Mar riott Wa ter side Ho tel at 813 221 4900 and ask ing to be trans ferred to the Con fer ence Reg is tra tion Desk in "Of fice #1"

Pre-registration Form

Pre-reg is tra tion form may be found on line at:

http://www.ieee-uffc.org/freqcontrol/2003FCS/2003_online_reg.htm

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Let's get these papers sorted (left to right) Jesse Searles, Warren Walls, and Gary Montress.



Tom Parker making sure the session papers are in the right order.



We're asleep on our feet, but we ARE listening, Bob. Left to right: Dan Stevens, Marv Frerking, and Bob Smythe.



Break time! Pierre Thomann (center) and Robert Lutwak.



We're still smiling. Steve Jefferts (left) and Marco Siccardi.



Gary Montress says 320 abstracts are my limit!



I'm liking the snow says Bernardo Judaszliwer.



Bernard Dulmet(right) making a point to John Vig (left) and Fabien Josse.



We are listening, honest! (left to right) Robert Lutwak, Gary Johnson, Steve Jefferts, Marco Siccardi.

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Establishment of the Quartz Industries Association of Taiwan



After two decades of continuous growth, Taiwan is now one of Asia's most important manufacturing bases of desktop computers, notebooks, TFT-LCD monitors, mobile phones, cable modems, wireless peripherals like WLAN cards, etc. All these products need quartz crystals and oscillators for frequency generation and control. The output of the quartz industries in Taiwan is now ranked number 5 in the world. In addition, with Taiwan recently achieving more than 100% mobile subscriber penetration rate (each person in Taiwan has more than one mobile phone number) and the ever increasing contract manufacturing of brand name mobile phones in Taiwan, SAW filter companies are also sprouting up.

The Quartz Industries Association of Taiwan (QIAT) was formally established on May 20th of this year in Taipei, the capital city of Taiwan. The purpose of QIAT is to:

1. Provide forums to bring together the industries, government agencies, universities and research organizations so to promote the importance of the technologies
2. Link up with the international research institutes, universities, professional societies and associations of the related technologies so to enhance information and technical exchanges
3. To bring together the manufacturers of crystal and SAW products in Taiwan to better serve the domestic and international customers.

QIAT sponsored its first seminars on June 20th. The invited speakers were Dr. Jun Yamada of Hitachi and Dr. Sakichi Ashida formerly of Samsung and LG. They covered the subjects "Technology and Standardization of Mobile Telecommunications" and "Growth and Characterization of AlN, ZnO and

PZT Thin Film for FBAR Devices", respectively. QIAT welcomes researchers from all over the world to come to Taiwan to exchange ideas. One of QIAT's goals is to invite the IEEE-UFFC Society to consider holding its Ultrasonics Symposium and/or the Frequency Control Symposium in Taiwan in the next few years. For more information, please contact:

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Ultrasonics

2002 IEEE INTERNATIONAL ULTRASONICS SYMPOSIUM

In cooperation with the
The Association for Electrical, Electronic & Information Technologies (VDE), Germany
October 8-11, 2002
Forum Hotel, Munich, Germany

Symposium in Review

Over the past two years general chairs, Clemens Ruppel and Bernhard Tittmann, lead the efforts to plan and organize the 2002 IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium. The symposium was located in Munich, the capital of Bavaria, southern Germany. Munich itself is one of the larger cities in Germany founded in 1294 with now ~ 1.2 million inhabitants, but visitors realize immediately that Munich does not appear like a big city at all, it has preserved its' charm of being a nice town.

One of the most famous attractions in Munich is the annually held "Oktoberfest" or so called "Wies'n" which draws more than 6,000,000 visitors every year. Since the symposium started on October 8th, most of these 6,000,000 had left the city and enabled the symposium to take place in the Forum Hotel which is located close to the "Deutsches Museum" (translated - German museum) and downtown Munich. This enabled conference attendees to walk downtown in the breaks. I think every conference attendee had a hard time restraining him/herself to attend the technical sessions and not to wander off into the city and get enchanted by the flair and atmosphere of coffee houses, busy shopping stores, and the green Isar river banks. Independent of the city's lure work, science and engineering came first as could be seen in the crowded session rooms that were still crowded on the last conference day.

The symposium started out with 9 short courses (organized by Ton van der Steen) as they have been tradition in the long history of ultrasonics symposia. The topics ranged from fundamental courses to courses with very specific and applied devices.

Each course had 20-30 participants coming from industries and academia. This enabled the instructors to create a very intense and personal way of giving background information and projecting the future developments. Even if you already know much about the topic itself, have studied it intensely or worked in it for years and years the short course gives you compressed knowledge, projections into the future, and enables you to chat with other people. Please keep in mind that all instructors have careers in industries or academia and have been in this field of engineering and science for a long time. The short course gives you access to this knowledge, more than just a glance!

Clemens Ruppel, General Co-Chair, and Robert Weigel, Technical Co-Chair cover high lights of the technical symposium in the following article.

The poster sessions as well as the industrial exhibitions gave plenty of opportunity to find potential collaborators, talk ultrasound, gripe about lost funding opportunities, do ultrasound business, discuss new techniques and approaches for ultrasound devices, and meet old and new colleagues and friends.

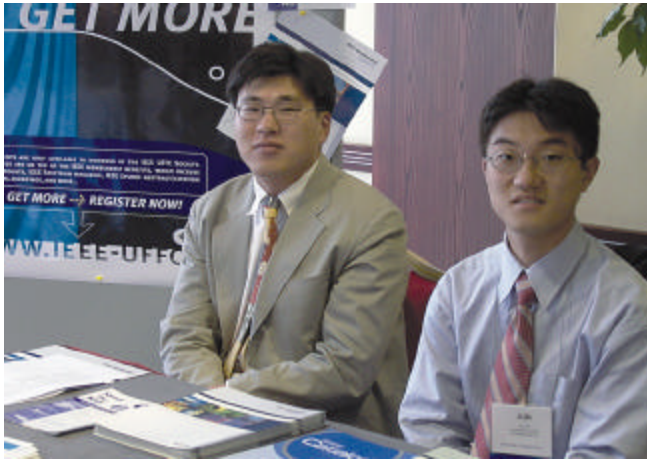
UFFC society had an exhibition booth at the entrance to the exhibition to attract new members and distribute information



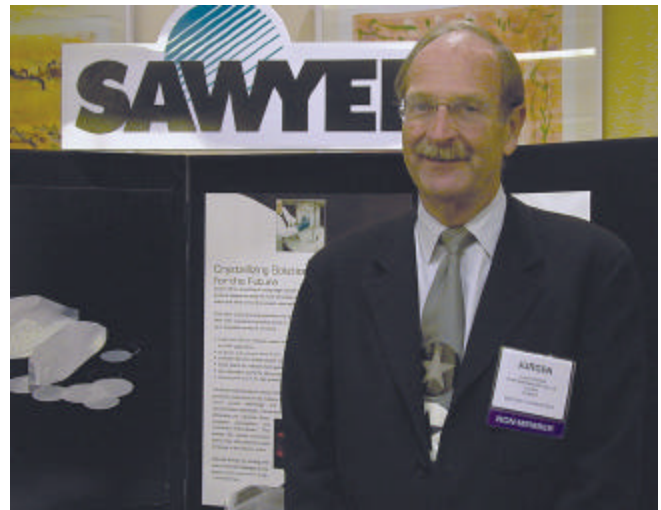
Herm van de Vaart, Don Yuhas, and Jim Greenleaf at coffee break



Helmut Ermert and Robert Weigel looking over posters



UFFC Booth with new Student Poster



Exhibitors

about the new est ben e fits in clud ing full ac cess to the Dig i tal Ar chives (<http://www.ieee-uffc.org> and please re mem ber that you have to re quest a UFFC pass word be fore en ter ing). Most stu dents who were awarded with IEEE travel sup port vol unteered to staff the booth and hope fully were able to in duce some of the 270 non-mem ber atteees to join the society!

The so cial events that were or ga nized for the sym po sium on Wednes day and Thurs day night were a great suc cess. On Wednes day the Bavarian State Minister of Sci ences, Re search and the Arts, **Hans Zehetmair**, in vited the UFFC com mu nity to a State Re cep tion in the Mu nich Res i dence down town Mu nich with an abun dance of hors d'oeuvres and drinks. Less for mal and very rus tic was the ban quet eve ning at the Hofbräu keller with very typ i cal beer benches, dinner and a show program by the authentic Hofbräuhaus Fes ti val Band from Mu nich. Dur ing this eve ning ev ery body got a fla vor of the Ba var ian way of cel ebrat ing.

Sorah Rhee
IEEE-UFFC Publicity Chair



Exhibitors

ULTRASONICS IS ON THE MOVE: THE 2002 IEEE INTERNATIONAL ULTRASONICS SYMPOSIUM WAS HELD IN MUNICH — WHERE THE FLAVOR IS

We look back to a suc cess ful Mu nich event! The ultrasonics re search com mu nity, the in dus try, and the uni ver si ties met in Munich. The 2002 IEEE International Ultrasonics Sym po sium, held in Mu nich, Ger many, Oc to ber 8-11, 2002 in co op eration with the German VDE Association for Electrical, Elec tronic & In for ma tion Tech nol o gies, brought to gether ex perts in the ory and tech niques of ultrasonics from all over the world. The sym po sium or ga nizing com mittee in clud ed **Clemens Ruppel**, Ger many and **Bernhard Tittmann**, USA as Gen eral Co-Chairs, **Reinhard Lerch**, Ger many and **Robert Weigel**, Aus tria/Ger many as Tech ni cal Co-Chairs, and **Astrid Ermert**, Ger many and **Leonhard Reindl**, Ger many as Local Ar rangement of fi cers. **Herman van de Vaart**, USA

and **Susan Schneider**, USA were, as al ways in re cent years, re spon si ble re spec tively for the sym po sium fi nances and the pro ceed ings. The ex hib its and short courses were co ord i nated by **Jian-yu Lu**, USA and **Ton van der Steen**, The Neth er lands, respec tively. World wide pub licity has been co ord i nated by **Helmut Ermert**, Ger many, **Ken-ya Hashimoto**, Ja pan, and **Donald Malocha**, USA. The sym po sium man age ment was car ried out co op er a tively by FASS, USA, and VDE, Ger many. And, young **Johannes Hainzl**, Aus tria, was an ex cellent web mas ter. It was a plea sure to browse through www.ieee-uffc.org/2002! The sym po sium or ga nizing com mittee was hon ored dur ing the Pres i dent's Re cep tion on Thurs day eve ning.



Ahmad Sa fari and Clem ens Ruppel myste riously the same height.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Sym posium Co-Chair, Bernie Tittmann, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Technical Program Co-Chair, Rob ert Weigel, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Technical Program Co-Chair, Reinhard Lerch, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Fi nance Chair, Herman van de Vaart, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Local Ar range ments Co-Chair, Astrid Ermert, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Publicity Co-Chair, Helmut Ermert, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Technical Program Co-Chair, Rob ert Weigel, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Publicity Co-Chair, Don Malocha, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Ex hib its Chair, Jian-yu Lu, with a cer tifi cate.



Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Short Courses Chair, Ton van der Steen, with a cer tifi cate.



Don Yuhas ac cept ing a cer tifi cate on be half of Pro ceed ings Ed i tor Susan Schneider.



Herm van de Vaart, Bernie Tittmann, Scott Smith, Reinhard Lerch, Clemens Ruppel.



Dinner out with Marj Yuhas translated for (clock wise lower left) Mark Romanoski, Gayle Gleichman, Jan Brown, Marj, Loretta Speidel.

After Cannes 1994, Munich 2002 was the host for the second Ultrasonics Symposium ever held in Europe, and we think the decision to follow the proposal of the German/Austrian “mafia” and bring the symposium a second time to Europe was in no way a bad one. Despite the current trend of doing less travel due to some economic and political troubles in many countries, we had a record-high attendance of more than 1000 registrants from 37 countries with many of them coming from the U.S. and Japan. It is interesting to note that nearly 20% of the registrants were students and 7% were guests. To help enable the students to participate at the symposium, a limited number of student travel awards were made available both on a need and competitive basis. We are not completely sure what the most important reason for this high number of people attending the symposium was. The dollar-to-Euro ratio? The fact that we have scheduled the symposium right after the well-known Oktoberfest? A recovery of the economics? No, not at all. We assume that the combination of an outstanding technical program and exhibition and a great city made Munich 2002 such a successful event!

The Forum Hotel, located in walking distance to the beautiful downtown of Munich with its nice medieval character combined with elegant modern stores and buildings and many other city sightseeing highlights, and next door to the Deutsches Museum and the Gasteig Culture Center, and well-connected to the airport and the Munich public transportation system (S-Bahn station “Rosenheimer Platz” is located right in the same building.), was an excellent host of the symposium. Of course, due to the high attendance, we had to face and deal with some minor problems because of the somewhat limited space of the hotel’s 2100 square meters conference center. On the other hand it was exactly this compactness of the Forum conference center, which was very beneficial for fostering direct, personal and fruitful interactions and contacts among the attendees. So, all in all, we think that holding the event in the Forum Hotel in stead of one of the larger conference centers all of which are located in suburban areas of Munich and not in the center of the city was the right choice. Cultural, shopping, sightseeing and accommodation places were easy to reach for all symposium attendees and guests.

Short Courses

The symposium opened on Tuesday with 9 half-day educational short courses set-up in three subsequent streams (8am to noon; 1pm to 5pm, and 6pm to 10pm). The courses were given by **David Cheeke, Douglas White, Stanislav Emelianov, Victor Humphrey, Kai Thomenius, Hans Torp, Ali Baghai-Wadji, Amit Lal & Richard White, and Nico de Jong**, respectively. The short courses were well attended; we had in total 278 registrants.

Plenary Session

The plenary opening session was scheduled on the morning of Wednesday. Here, General Co-Chair **Clemens Ruppel** officially declared the symposium open, Technical Co-Chair **Robert Weigel** introduced to the technical program, and UFFC Society President **Ahmad Safari** and



“Plenary Session”: Ahmad Safari, Jan Brown, Cal Quate, Robert Weigel, Reinhard Lerch, Fred Hickernell, David Cheeke.



Plenary Speaker Dr. Achim Wixforth.

Awards Com mit tee Chair **Reinhard Lerch** pre sented the 2002 so ciety awards. (See the UFFC Awards) The pre sen ta tion of the Rayleigh Award, the highest honor in the Ultrasonics com mu nity, was made at this time. (See Rayleigh Award fol low ing this ar ti cle)

To close the ple nary ses sion, a fine and highly in ter est ing Ple nary Talk en ti tled “The Far Side of Sur face Acous tic Waves” was viv idly pre sented by **Achim Wixforth** of Ger many.

Technical Program

The tech ni cal pro gram took place from Wednes day to Fri day. The pro gram had been set up by our five Tech ni cal Pro gram Com mit tee (TPC) groups ((1) Medi cal Ul tra sound; (2) Sensors, NDE & Industrial Applications; (3) Physical Acous tics, (4) Sur face Acous tic Waves, and (5) Trans duc ers & Trans ducer Ma te ri als) dur ing its sum mer TPC meet ing in Chi cago. Thanks for their great job are due to all 2002 TPC mem bers and in par tic u lar to the five TPC Vice-Chairs rep re sent ing each TPC area **Ton van der Steen, David Cheeke, Bikash Sinha, Don ald Malocha, and Scott Smith.**

Out of 754 sub mit ted and in vited ab stracts, 539 pa pers were ac cepted for pre sen ta tion. The tech ni cal pro gram in cluded 311 oral and 208 open-fo rum poster pre sen ta tions, which were de com posed into 55 oral and 40 poster ses sions with the oral ses sions set-up in five par al lel ses sion streams. In gen eral, we had very good pre sen ta tions and nearly no no-shows; and we had 23 in vited pa pers pre sented by high-cal i ber au thors.

Focused Sessions

New this year were Fo cused Ses sions. Each fo cused ses sion high light ing a theme of spe cial gen eral, in ter dis ci pli nary in ter est. Re flect ing the im pact of the fo cused ses sion on the qual ity of our tech ni cal pro gram we can

con clude that the fo cused ses sions greatly con trib uted to the at trac tive ness of our sym po sium! Each TPC group or ga nized one fo cused ses sion:

- Group 1 – High Fre quency Im ag ing of Liv ing Cells
- Group 2 – Ad vanced Ul tra sonic Meth ods for Eval uation of Con crete Struc tures
- Group 3 – Geo phys i cal Pros pect ing Us ing Sonics and Ul tra sonics
- Group 4 – SAW Mod ules and Du plex ers
- Group 5 – Ul tra sound MEMS

Student Paper Competition

The unique for mat of the tech ni cal pro gram in te grated also a spe cial stu dent pa per com pe ti tion. Out of the sub mit ted stu dent pa pers, the TPC had se lected 20 pa pers for the fi nal stu dent pa per con test. The fi nal ist’s stu dent pa pers were pre sented in a spe cial poster ses sion and eval uated by a re view com mit tee. The five win ners (one from each area of the TPC) were:

Group 1 – Medi cal Ultrasonics

C.M. Gallippi

Duke University Department of Biomedical Engineering, USA

“Adap tive Clut ter Fil ter ing via Blind Source Sep a ra tion for Lat eral Blood Ve loc ity Mea sure ment”



Caterina Gallippi, Group 1 Stu dent Pa per Award Re cip ient with Ahmad Sa'fari.



Claudio Cosenza, Group 2 Student Paper Award recipient with Ahmad Sa'fari.



Alexander Müller, Student Paper Award Group 4 being congratulated by Ahmad Sa'fari.

Group 2 – Sensors, NDE, and Industrial Applications

C. Cosenza

University of Palermo, Palermo, Italy
“Non-contact Ultrasonic Inspection of Skin/Core Bond in Honeycomb with Lamb Waves”

Group 3 – Physical Acoustics

C. Lee

University of Wisconsin-Madison, USA
“Low-Voltage High-Speed Ultrasonic Chromatography”

Group 4 – Surface Acoustic Waves

A. C. Müller

Sektion der Physik der Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany
“Spatially Resolved Surface Acoustic Wave Studies for Image Processing”

Group 5 – Transducers and Transducer Materials

M. M. Voormolen

Erasmus University Rotterdam, The Netherlands
“A New Array Transducer for 3D Harmonic Imaging”



Chung Hoon Lee, Student Paper Award Group 3 being congratulated by Ahmad Sa'fari.



Marco Voormolen, Student Paper Award Group 5 being congratulated by Ahmad Sa'fari.

The five winners received a certificate and a cash award and, as was the case with all finalists, special accommodation at the next-door Kerschensteinerkolleg of the Deutsches Museum. Let us thank here Local Arrangements officer **Leonhard Reindl** who made possible to arrange the special accommodation packages at the Kerschensteinerkolleg!

The President of the UFFC Society, Prof. Ahmad Safari presented the awards, during the official reception of the Bayerische Staatsregierung, which was held on Wednesday, 9th October, for the attendees of the IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium at the Residence in Munich. There, also the official representative of the State of Bavaria for this evening and Secretary of State for Science, Dr. Hans Zehetmair, was the first to offer his congratulations to the winners.

STUDENT PAPER FINALISTS

Your Newsletter Editor misplaced the list with the names of the student paper finalists for the photos below. Please notify me jan.brown@ieee.org to identify the photos and we'll give proper credit in the next newsletter.



1



2



3



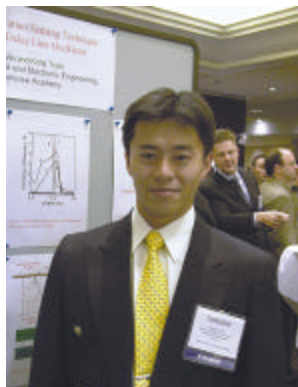
4



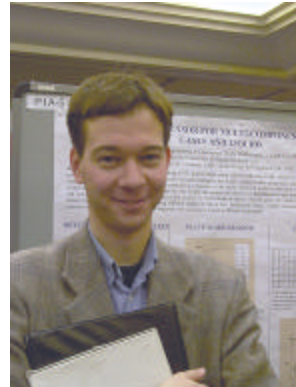
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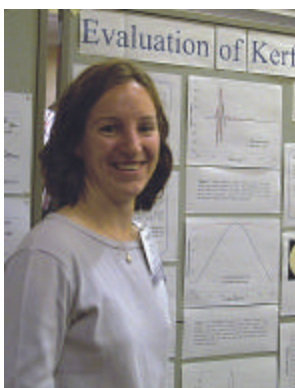
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Social Events

Of course, the symposium incorporated many technical and social side meetings as well as of ficial so cial meet ings such as the Social Gathering in the Munich Residence and the Banquet at the

Hofbräukeller. On Wednes day eve ning, the Ba varian State Min ister of Sci ences, Re search and Arts, **Hans Zehetmair**, in vited us to a State Re cep tion into the Mu nich Res i dence, a magnificient com plex of build ings con structed by the pow er ful Wittelsbach fam ily who had ruled Ba varia for about 800 years.



Dr. Hans Zehetmair dur ing Res i dence Re ception



State Re cep tion in the Ba roque Golden Hall of the Mu nich Res i dence



Ahmad Sa fari at Mu nich Residence Reception.



Clem ens Ruppel at Mu nich Residence Reception.



Ba roque Golden Hall of Munich Residence.



Rob ert Weigel, Georg Schmidt, Clem ens Ruppel, Hans Zehetmair, Ahmad Sa fari



Ba roque Golden Hall of Munich Residence.

On Thurs day eve ning, the sym po sium 's banquett was held at the Hofbräu keller with a Ba var ian d inner served. Typ ical Ba var ian en ter tain ment was pro vided by the fa mous Hofbräu haus fes ti val band.







Robert Weigel deep in thought?



Now we know Clemens Ruppel's secret for great heights.





Ba var ian "Cow boy" – John Vig

For spouses and attendees, **Astrid Ermert** and **Leonhard Reindl** had made excellent arrangements. On Wednesday, a warm-up walking tour was offered to Munich's old town and the Nymphenburg castle making stops at the Marienplatz, the Viktualienmarkt, the Frauenkirche and the Bambergerhaus. On Thursday, a bus tour to the Chiemsee lake ("Bavarian Sea") was scheduled making stop at the island of Herrenchiemsee to visit King Ludwig's castle of Herrenchiemsee. On Friday, a bus tour to Füssen took place making stops at King Ludwig's famous fairytale castle of Neuschwanstein and at Germany's most beautiful Rococo church Wieskirche.

PostSymposium Conference

Finally, on October 14, 2002 in Salzburg, Austria (Dorint Hotel) an Ultrasonics Symposium Post Conference Full-Day Workshop on W-CDMA RF Issues and Future Trends was organized by **Ken-ya Hashimoto**, **Mario Huemer**, Austria and **Robert Weigel**. This workshop was also well-attended, mainly by our Japanese friends who were much interested in the SAW-related European developments on wideband CDMA.

We would like to thank all of you who contributed to a great Munich 2002 symposium! And we look forward to meeting you in Honolulu for the 2003 IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium.

Clemens Ruppel and Robert Weigel

Rayleigh Award

The Rayleigh Award is presented by the IEEE UFFC Ultrasonics Committee recognizing meritorious service to the UFFC Society in the field of Ultrasonics. The achievement may be in technical innovations, research, education, publications and related professional endeavors. Typically, the recipient will have demonstrated these accomplishments over a sustained period of time. An Awards Committee consisting of the Rayleigh Award Chair, the Technical Program Chair and the Technical Program Vice-Chairs will make selection in the spring of each year.

The award consists of an honorarium of \$1,000, a plaque and a certificate.

that person's main contributions, along with the submitter's own name and affiliation to:

Prof. J. David N. Cheeke
Chair, Rayleigh Award
Committee
Physics Department
Concordia University
1455 de Maisonneuve Blvd West
Montreal, Qc
Canada H3G 1M8
FAX: 514-848-2828
E-Mail: cheeke@alcor.concordia.ca



David Cheeke in introducing the Rayleigh Award.

2002 Rayleigh Award Recipient



Rayleigh Award Recipient, Prof. Cal Quate.

The UFFC Society offers its congratulations to the recipient of the 2002 Rayleigh Award, **Prof. Calvin F. Quate**, Professor of Electrical Engineering at the Stanford University, USA.

The 2002 Rayleigh Award was presented during the opening ceremony of the Ultrasonics Symposium in Munich. The presenter for Prof. Quate's was Dr. Khuri-Yakub from Stanford University. Professor Khuri-Yakub appreciated the scientific life's work of Cal Quate by recognizing all his major contributions and pioneering work in the field of ultrasound,

such as Ultrasonic Imaging and Atomic Force Microscopy as well as related areas, such as Lithography and Micromachining.

The citation of his plaque reads: "*for pioneering contributions to the development of the scanning acoustic microscope and the atomic force microscope*"

Rayleigh Award Nominations

Nominations may be submitted at any time. A member may submit a nomination by sending the nominee's name, affiliation and

Past Recipients of the Rayleigh Award

The first presentation of the Rayleigh Award was in 2001.

Gerald W. Farnell, 2001: for his devoted service and contributions to the IEEE UFFC Society in the field of Ultrasonics and for his original work in the areas of surface wave propagation in anisotropic materials.



Rayleigh Award Presentation (l-r) Pierre Khuri-Yakub, David Cheeke, Cal Quate, Ahmad Saifari.

2003 IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium

Special Notes

- Venue:
Hilton Hawaiian Village, Honolulu, Hawaii
October 5 - 8, 2003
- Abstract submission deadline: May 22, 2003
- Complete symposium information can be found at:
<http://www.ieee-uffc.org/2003/>

Invitation from the Co-Chairs



General Co-Chairs (from l. to r.): James F. Greenleaf (jfg@mayo.edu) and William D. O'Brien, Jr. (wdo@uiuc.edu).

Aloha! We invite you to join us at the 2003 IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium that will be held October 5-8, 2003, at the Hilton Hawaiian Village in Honolulu, Hawaii. Located on Waikiki's widest stretch of beach, the Hilton Hawaiian Village Beach Resort & Spa features lush tropical gardens, waterfalls, exotic wild life and price less artwork. Honolulu means "protected harbor," is the capital of Hawaii and is Oahu's largest city. The Technical Program Committee has been enhanced and we expect a stimulating technical program. As before, there will be a mix of invited and contributed papers. The Social Committee has prepared an attractive program for participants and guests. We are looking forward to an excellent program, and to meet you in Honolulu.

Visit <http://www.ieee-uffc.org/2003/> to see the latest information about the Symposium.

Plenary Session



Shrimp, Snap, Bubble, and Pop

*Michel Versluis,
University of Twente,
Enschede, The Netherlands*

The oceans may be deep, but they are not at all quiet. Sounds in the ocean include those of waves, produced by tides, winds and thunder storms, and those of falling rain, hail and snow. In addition, one can hear biological sounds of fish, dolphins, whales and snapping shrimp. The latter, in particular, produce the dominant level of ambient noise in (sub)tropical shallow

waters throughout the world. These shrimp live in colonies in such large numbers that there is continuous snapping, providing a permanent crackling background noise.

The snapping sound can be heard day and night, with source levels as high as 200 dB which severely limits the use of underwater acoustics for active and passive sonar, both in scientific and naval applications. The frequency spectrum of a snap is extremely broad, ranging from tens of hertz to beyond 200 kHz. The snapping shrimp produces the impulsive click by an extremely rapid closure of its so-called snap per claw. It was commonly believed that the sound is generated when the two claw halves hit each other.

In this talk we will in fact see that the sound of snapping shrimp originates solely from the collapse of a cavitation bubble that is generated by the fast water jet resulting from the rapid claw closure. The water jet velocity is so high that the corresponding pressure drops below the vapor pressure of water and a cavitation bubble is generated which will initially grow in size, then it collapses violently when the pressure rises again.

In the course of our experiments on snapping shrimp sound we also discovered a short intense flash of light emitted at bubble collapse. The light emission reveals the extreme pressures and temperatures of at least 5000 K in the bubble interior at bubble collapse. In light of the apparent similarity with sonoluminescence, the light emission of a bubble periodically driven by ultrasound, we have termed this phenomenon shrimpoluminescence.

Student Paper Competition

This is the third year of the student paper competition. The awards consist of a certificate, and are a prestigious addition to the students CV. Students who are submitting abstracts for presentation are also invited to participate in this student paper competition.

Abstracts submitted by students for the Student Paper Competition will be reviewed as usual by the Technical Program Committee (TPC). At that time the TPC will select 15 finalists in the Student Paper Competition. The finalists will be notified and asked to produce a poster of their papers to be displayed during a special student poster session. The poster is required in dependent of whether the student's paper has been selected as an oral presentation. On the first day of the symposium, October 6, all Student Finalist Posters will be presented in a special room for judging by a panel of judges representing the paper's technical group. The posters will remain on display for the duration of the three-day symposium.

Prizes will be given for papers in each of five areas of the TPC:

1. Medical Ultrasonics.
2. Sensors, NDE & Industrial Applications.
3. Physical Acoustics.
4. Surface Acoustic Waves.
5. Transducers & Transducer Materials.

Selection criteria are:

1. Student is first author.
2. Work is of high quality and done by the student.
3. Abstract clearly describes the work and includes results.
4. Student has not won the student prize previously.

At the time of judging the judges will evaluate:

1. Clarity of student's presentation.

2. Depth of student's knowledge.
3. Degree of the student's contribution to the project.
4. Relevancy of the work to the field.

Mahalo,

James F. Greenleaf (jfg@mayo.edu)
William D. O'Brien, Jr. (wdo@uiuc.edu)

General Co-Chairs

Minutes of the IEEE/UFFC-Ferroelectrics Committee Meeting

Monday December 2, 2002 Boston, MA

The IEEE/UFFC Ferroelectrics Committee Meeting was held in conjunction with the 2002 Materials Research Society Fall Meeting in Boston. The meeting was called to order by the Ferroelectrics Committee Chair Dr. Susan Trolier-McKinstry at 8:00 pm. Attending were: Dr. Susan Trolier-McKinstry, Dr. Ahmad Safari, Dr. Tadashi Takenaka, Dr. Relva Buchanan, Dr. Angus Kingon, Dr. Tom Cutchen, Dr. Jon Paul Maria, Dr. Qiming Zhang, Dr. Stephen Streiffer and Dr. Ahmed Amin. The minutes of the meeting were recorded by Ahmed Amin for the first part of the meeting and Qiming Zhang for the latter part of the meeting.

ISAF 2002

Dr. Takenaka, co-organizer of the ISAF 2002 meeting, presented a summary of this highly memorable meeting that was held in Nara, Japan from May 28th to June 1st 2002. It was part of the first-ever joint meeting of three different organizations: ISAF (International Symposium on the Applications of Ferroelectrics, sponsored by the IEEE Ferroelectrics Committee), ISIF (International Symposium on Integrated Ferroelectrics) and FMA (Ferroelectric Materials and Applications, Japanese domestic meeting on applications of ferroelectrics). A detailed report of the number of participants (737), the presented and published papers, and a financial summary were presented. The meeting is expected to generate in come of approximately \$6500.00 for the ISAF, including sales of Proceedings. All aspects of this joint meeting (academic, social, and cultural) were a great success. Dr. Takenaka received a standing ovation from the committee members for the efforts he and Dr. David Payne provided in organizing and carrying out ISAF 2002.

ISAF 2004

The next item that was scheduled was a brief summary from Drs. S. Pilgrim and Walter Schultz regarding the ISAF 2004 Meeting to be held during August 24-27, 2004 in Montreal, Canada. Un-

fortunately, Dr. Pilgrim and Dr. Schulze were not available for comment. Concern was raised by some members about the timeline adherence of Drs. Pilgrim and Schulze to the preparatory aspects of the 2004 meeting. Dr. Buchanan volunteered to pursue this point with Dr. Schulze. A report is essential at the Spring 2003 meeting of the Ferroelectrics Committee

ISAF 2006

Dr. Jon Paul Maria, organizer of the ISAF 2006 meeting, provided a brief report to the Committee on the present status of planning for this meeting.

The 2006 meeting is being co-sponsored by North Carolina State University, and will take place in the Raleigh, NC Convention Center, with Jon Paul Maria as General Chair. Dr. Maria indicated that several of the supporting chair positions are filled, with the Proceedings Chair still open. The Convention Center is an excellent facility, and will be quite suitable for the meeting. The location is beneficial in that it will be within an automobile driving distance for many students in the ferroelectric field.

The possibility of having a joint meeting with ISIF was discussed, and several "lessons-learned" comments were offered regarding such an option, based on the ISAF 2002 meeting at Nara. Dr. Trolier-McKinstry indicated a willingness to discuss the possibilities with the ISIF leadership, and to reflect the views of the Committee that we will not guarantee \$25,000, etc., over and above ISAF. Dr. Stephen Streiffer arrived about this time and stated that ISIF's leadership was negative about a joint meeting, primarily because of controversy regarding finances.

AdCom Status and FE Committee Review

Dr. Ahmad Safari presented a financial summary of IEEE and the UFFC Society. The IEEE as a whole is suffering financially from the stock market decline. As a result, aggressive organizational reforms are being considered by the new IEEE president. Ahmad also commented that the Ferroelectric Committee

members should be more active in UFFC activities. For example, the ISAF conference chairs for the next ISAF meeting should attend the AdCom meetings. Joint meetings with other sections of UFFC by Ferroelectrics Committee members will enhance the ties of the ferroelectrics community to the ultrasonics and frequency control communities

Ferroelectric Committee Membership Criteria

The issue of who should be included in the Ferroelectric Committee was discussed and it was suggested that the tenure of a Committee member should not be much longer than 10 years to give other individuals a chance to participate in the Ferroelectric Committee activities. Some of the inactive members may not need to be in the Committee in the future. The question of how to define an active Committee member was raised. In general, three levels of participation were suggested: a) coming to the Committee meeting at least once a year; b) participating in the Society activities; and c) not active at all. Ahmad Saffari and Angus suggested that Susan should take a look of the current Committee makeup and recommend who should be serving. The future Committee composition should include student members and more international members (40% international members in addition to the US members. Susan also asks every one in the current Ferroelectric Committee to recommend new international members from Europe, Korea, etc.

IEEE/UFFC Ferroelectrics Web Page

Although she could not attend the meeting in person, Sorah Rhee, the FE Committee Web Master supplied a detailed written report on her activities and concerns for the IEEE UFFC-Ferroelectrics web site. Sorah has done a great deal to enhance the quality of the Ferroelectrics Website. A few suggestions were made by Committee members to improve the Website. Sorah is already trying to implement many of these suggestions. It was suggested by those present that there should be more review articles on ferroelectrics and related topics. It was also suggested that Committee members should provide appropriate illustrations and pictures related to various ferroelectric properties, phenomena, and devices that can be added to the web site. Ahmad Saffari suggested that the Calendar of Events listed on the web could be up-dated more often.

IEEE Fellows

How the Ferroelectrics Committee plays a role in promoting more Senior Members and Fellows in IEEE was also discussed. Dr. Cross is one of the few IEEE Fellows from the ferroelectrics community.

Distinguished Lecturer

Dr. Nava Setter will be the next Distinguished Lecturer.

Election for Vice Chair

The committee discussed the two exceptional candidates for Vice Chair of the Ferroelectrics Committee: Marija Kosec and Stephen Pilgrim. Stephen Pilgrim was elected to be the next Vice Chair of the Ferroelectrics Committee by combined email balloting and votes cast in person at the meeting. In addition, the term of the Committee Chair was discussed. Currently, the Chair serves for two years. There was general agreement that it would be better to have the Committee Chair serve for four years rather than two. The advantages for a four-year term include that the Committee activities can be better coordinated since it takes quite some time for the Chair to become familiar with the system, and to better represent the Ferroelectrics Committee to IEEE.

Ferroelectrics Standard

Susan plans to have an other IEEE Ferroelectrics Standard Committee meeting. After that, the draft for the Ferroelectric Standard will be released to general members for any input before the final version. Currently, the Ferroelectrics Standard Committee Chair is Al Meitzler. Because of his present eye problems, he has recommended that he be replaced by Susan Trolier-McKinstry as the Standards Committee Chair, and that he serve as the Vice Chair for the Standards Committee.

Don Smyth Acknowledgement

Professor Don Smyth has resigned from the Ferroelectrics Committee after an illustrious career as an educator, researcher and managerial head of several large research programs. Don cited the fact that he is not traveling to as many technical meetings as in the past now that he is tired. Thus, his attendance at Ferroelectrics Committee meetings would be sporadic. The committee thanked Don for his many years of service to the Ferroelectrics Committee and his many contributions to the ferroelectrics community.

Date for the Next Ferroelectrics Committee Meeting

The date for the next Ferroelectric Committee meeting was discussed. It was recommended that it take place at the American Ceramic Society Meeting in Nashville in late April 2003, but a possible meeting in connection with the US/Japan Seminar on Dielectrics and Piezoelectrics in Japan was also discussed. Susan will send an e-mail to all Committee members to solicit their input for the date.

**Ahmed Amin, Qiming Zhang and Bruce Tuttle
December 20, 2002**

Ferroelectrics Recognition Award

The Ferroelectrics Recognition Award is given out by the Ferroelec trics Stand ing Com mit tee in a two-year term in or der to honor mem bers of the Ferro elec trics So ci ety for out stand ing achieve ments in their sci en tific work as well as in pro mot ing the Ferro elec trics Com mu nity.

Please con tact Steve Pil grim pil grim@al fred.edu for fur ther in for ma tion and sug ges tions for can di dates.

2002 Re cipi ents of the Ferro elec trics Recognition Award

Congratu la tions to the 2002 re cipi ents of the Ferro elec trics Rec og ni tion Award on be half of the IEEE UFFC:



Yao Xi — Tonji University and Xian Jiaotong Uni ver sity (China)

For technical innovation in the ferroelectric field, educational leadership in elec tronic ce ram ics in China, and out stand ing ser vice to the ferro elec tric com mu nity both do mes ti cally and in ter na tion ally.



Yukio Sakabe — Murata Manufacturing Co. Ltd. (Ja pan)

For out stand ing re search and de vel op ment of ce ram ic di elec trics for use with base met als and for tech no log i cal in no va tion in mul ti layer ce ram ic ca pa citors.

Past Re cipi ents of the Ferro elec trics Recognition Award

2000 Ahmad Sa fari — Rutgers Uni ver sity (USA)

For technical accomplishments in the field of ferroelectric materials and piezo electric com pos ites and for his lead er ship within the so ci ety which has re sulted in an in creas ing ly in ter na tion al and in te grated ferro elec tric com mu nity.

2000 Rainer Waser — RWTH Aachen and FZ Jülich (Germany)

For his work on de fect chem is try in pe rovskites lead ing to im proved per form ance and de vices and for his lead er ship within the in ter na tion al ferro elec tric com mu nity.

1992 Wallace Smith – Of fice of Na val Re search (USA)

For a ma jor con tribu tions to the un der stand ing of pi ezo elec tric ce ram ic/poly mer com pos ites and ef fec tive con tin uing ad vo ca cy of ferro elec tric pro grams.

1988 Jan Fousek – Tech ni cal Uni ver sity of Liberec (Czech Republic)

For out stand ing con tribu tions to the un der stand ing of Do main Phe nom e na in Ferro elec tric Crys tals.

1988 Kiyoshi Okazaki – Shonan Institute of Technology (Japan)

1986 Cecil Land – Sandia Na tional Lab o ra to ries (USA)

For creative and in no va tive re search on ferroelectric and eletro-optic phe nom e na in ce ram ic mate ri als and de vices.

1983 Eric Cross – The Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity (USA)

For his out stand ing con tribu tions to the sci en tific un der stand ing and tech no log i cal ap pli ca tion of ferro elec tric mate ri als.

1983 Issai “Lef” Lewkovitz – AROD Uni ver sity of North Carolina (USA)

Chapter Activities

Japan Chapter

The Ja pan Chap ter held 6 tech ni cal meet ings dur ing the sec ond half of 2002, in con junc tion with the Tech ni cal Group on Ultra sonics of the In stitute of Elec tronics, In for ma tion and Com mu ni ca tion En gi neers of Ja pan and the Acous ti cal So ci ety of Ja pan:

Date	Papers	Venue
1) July 5	10	Tokyo
2) Au gust 27	9	Chiba
3) Sep tem ber 19-20	17	Sendai
4) Oc to ber 25	5	Tokyo

5) No vem ber 29	10	Shizuoka
6) De cem ber 16	6	Yokohama

UFFC-S 2002-2003 Dis tin guished Lec turer Program

Pro fes sor K. Kirk Shung of Uni ver sity of South ern Cal i for nia, the UFFC-S 2002-2003 Dis tin guished Lec turer, was in vited and stayed in Ja pan from Nov. 6 to Nov. 14. He fa vored us with im pres sive and in struc tive lec tures on “Ul tra sound: an ex plo red tool for blood flow vi su al iza tion and he mo dy namic mea sure-



Prof. Shung giving an invited talk at the 23rd Symposium on Ultrasonic Electronics held in Kanazawa.

ments” at the USE 2002 Symposium in Kanazawa. He also gave us lectures on “Current and future innovations in high frequency ultrasonic transducers and arrays” at the meeting of the 150th Committee on Acoustic Wave Device Technology held at Tohoku University in Sendai. Lecture meetings were also held at Aloka Co., Ltd. in Tokyo and at Toshiba Corporation Medical Systems Company in Nasu.

23rd Symposium on Ultrasonic Electronics (USE2002)

The 23rd Symposium on Ultrasonic Electronics (USE2002) was held in Kanazawa on Nov. 7-9, cosponsored by the UFFC-S Japan Chapter, and attended by 357 participants. There were three invited talks (one of them by Prof. Shung), and 185 contributed papers were presented. Most of the papers presented at the Symposium will be published in a special issue of the Japanese Journal of Applied Physics, Vol. 42, No. 5B (2003). Titles and abstracts of the articles in JJAP, including back issues, may be browsed by accessing the JJAP home page at <http://jjap.ipap.jp/>.



At the welcome party held in Sendai. Front row (left to right): Kazuhiko Yamanouchi, Kirk Shung, Linda Shung, Noriyoshi Chubachi. Back row (left to right): Jun-ichi Kushibiki, Kiyoshi Nakamura, Hiroshi Kanai, Ken Yamada (Vice Chair).



Prof. and Mrs. Shung enjoying the banquet of USE2002 at Kanazawa Institute of Technology.

2003 Officers

The new officers of the Japan Chapter for 2003 are:

Chair: Professor Jun-ichi Kushibiki, Department of Electrical Engineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Tohoku University, Aramaki Aza Aoba 05, Aoba-ku, Sendai 980-8579

Vice Chair: Professor Masatoshi Adachi, Department of Electronics and Informatics, Faculty of Engineering, Toyama Prefectural University, Kosugimachi, Toyama 939-0398

Secretary and Treasurer: Associate Professor Minoru Kuribayashi Kurosawa, Department of Advanced Applied Electronics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, 4259 Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama 226-8502

**Yasuhiko Nakagawa
Chair (2001-2002)
UFFC-S Japan Chapter**



A lecture on high frequency transducers at Tohoku University.

UFFC AdCom

AdCom Class of 2005

Welcome to the newly elected AdCom members!



From **Ultrasonics** we welcome **DR. Kullervo H. Hynynen**. Originally from Finland, Dr. Hynynen is now Associate Professor of Radiology and the Director of the Focused Ultrasound Laboratory at the Brigham and Women's Hospital in Massachusetts.



Representing the **Frequency Control** community is **Dr. R. Michael Garvey** who is Chief Technical Officer of the Technology Resource Center at Symmetricom in Massachusetts. Through out his career, he has been involved in the design of atomic frequency standards. Mike has taken on the awesome task of being the General Chair for the UFFC Joint Symposium in 2004.



Dr. Thomas R. Shrout joins us from the **Ferro-electrics** community where he is currently the Co-Director of the Center for High Performance Piezoelectric and Co-Investigator of the NIH Resource on Medical Ultrasonic Transducers at Pennsylvania State University.



Dr. Mathias A. Fink was elected as the **Regions 8-10 Representative** to AdCom. Since 1979 he has served as Scientific Advisor of Phillips Research France in the field of ultrasonic imaging.

UFFC-Society AdCom Meeting Minutes of 7 October 2002

[Subject to AdCom Approval]

Society President Ahmad Safari called the Administrative Committee (AdCom) meeting of the Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society (UFFC-S) to order at 8:40 am, 7 October 2002. The meeting was held in conjunction with 2002 IUS Symposium held in Munich, Germany.

Fred Hickernell made and Lute Maleki seconded a motion that passed To approve the 7 June 2002 (Chicago, Illinois) AdCom minutes as corrected.

(Note: 20 voting members were present for most of the meeting's business; Reinhard Lerch was at the conference for most of the meeting, as was Sorah Rhee)

President's Report

Ahmad Safari said that he had appointed a committee to review the activity of each of the three technical areas. Gerry Blessing will report on the Ferroelectrics Committee review as he was chair of committee. Both Frequency Control and Ultrasonics will be reviewed during the next year (FC - May, U - October). Ahmad also asked for the chairs of the standing committees to nominate vice-chairs, and discussed his leading a delegation to China in a few weeks funded by the people-to-people ambassador's program.

Secretary's Report

Jackie Hines requested that attendees update the AdCom listing, agreed to send out an e-mail message to the entire AdCom with this list, and took counts for dinner.

Attendees

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Art Ballato | Reinhard Lerch |
| Gerald Blessing | Jian-yu Lu |
| Raymond Brennan | Lute Maleki |
| Jan Brown | Kiyoshi Nakamura |
| Mauricio P. daCunha | Rajesh Panda |
| Mike Driscoll | Sorah Rhee |
| Stu Foster | Clemens Ruppel |
| James Greenleaf | Ahmad Safari |
| Gordon Hayward | Bernie Tittmann |
| Fred Hickernell | Susan Trolrier-McKinstry |
| Jacqueline Hines | Herman van de Vaart |
| John Hossack | John Vig |
| Eunki Hong | Marjorie P. Yuhas |
| John Kosinski | |

Finance Report

Chair Herman van de Vaart provided written and oral reports of the Society's finances. The operating financial statement showed that the budgeted results for the year should be almost a break even situation, with only a slight deficit of \$15.5k. However, results will be worse than that for a number of reasons. Income from the All Transactions Package will be about \$62k short of the original budget IEEE provided – why – who knows. Also, voluntary page charges are down from what they normally are. This could be due to FASS re-doing their technology system and being slow on transferring funds to our account, so the amounts may go up. Transactions costs billed by FASS so far add up to about \$186k which seems to be on schedule – at this rate they should end up at about \$286k which is in line with budget. Symposium income will be way below budget due to the 2001 Ultrasonics Symposium that resulted in a loss of \$41k instead of the budgeted surplus of \$92.9k and the 2001 Frequency Control Symposium which resulted in a loss of \$26.3k instead of the budgeted surplus of \$35.6k. Offsetting this somewhat, there are no symposium related speaker expenses. Herman expects a \$220k deficit for the full year, instead of the budgeted result which shows us nearly breaking. With the deficit of \$220k, our net worth will be about \$155k at the end of the year. We have \$120k of outstanding loans, so by the end of the year, pooled assets will be down to \$35k. Looking at 2003, the only changes in the budget are the surplus from the 2002 Ferroelectrics Symposium, which has been changed to more reasonable numbers from 29k to 6.7k, and IEEE TAB admin expenses were changed from 242k to 172k. So overall we have a surplus of 93k budgeted for 2003.

Lute Maleki stated that the 2002 Frequency Control Symposium should net more than the \$22.9k expected. Several questions were asked regarding details of the financial statements and outlook for the Society's financial future, and were answered by Herman. These included details regarding when income and expenses from symposia are recognized on the financial statements, whether budgeted surpluses for future conferences are reasonable, and how budgeted amounts were changed to take into account changes in transactions publication policy this year. Herman indicated that the budgeted Transactions net income is 51.3k and we will be close to that. We don't expect surprises in the Transactions. The big unexpected expenses this year were losses on symposia and the infrastructure charges.

Unfinished Business

How to handle providing CDs of society publications to members will be discussed under publications. No further unfinished business.

Publications

Jan Brown, Publications VP, presented an oral report. She stated that several new things are coming. Of the \$226M in budgeted IEEE revenue, \$119M comes from publications,

and of that 65% comes from publications directly generated by societies. This is inclusive of print, online, IEL, etc. – all media. A new benefit that is available for members is a comprehensive IEEE digital library, which is a fee based subscription service that provides access to all IEEE literature. Jan discussed the major revenue streams we have from IEEE and indicated that the budgeted income for next year looks reasonable. IEEE is moving to electronic form with print on demand in the future. John Vig discussed the fact that IEEE is starting to provide customized subsets of IEL for use by small and medium size businesses. IEEE is looking at how to split the proceeds, especially in cases of mixed custom packages.

Unfinished business consisted of two issues from last meeting, updating our digital archive, and CDs for transactions. A lengthy discussion ensued regarding various options for CDs. Some members feel that local access is useful independent of whether members also have online access, and that we should have an annual update of the digital archive available for a nominal fee (about \$5) independent of what happens to transactions. A number of people expressed the view that since society membership included hardcopy Transactions in the past, it should include at least one yearly CD with all Transactions issues, preferably at no additional cost since this should cost less than the print version did. Monthly or bi-monthly update CDs were also discussed. People everywhere will want to have some permanent version of the publications they had access to online while they were members. There was an active discussion.

Lute Maleki made and Stu Foster seconded a motion that passed (18 in favor, 1 opposed) That the society provide all members with one end of year CD containing transactions, conference proceedings, newsletters, standards, etc. that is an update to the annual digital archive, at no additional charge.

John Kosinski made and Clemens Ruppel seconded a motion: That Jan Brown determine the actual production cost of the digital archive, and raise the price to cover production and distribution costs, rounded up, and place in for motion on the web to explain the new price.

A discussion ensued regarding what should be charged for this CD. Rajesh Panda made and John Vig seconded a substitute motion that passed (13 in favor, 7 opposed): That the society increase the cost for the digital archive to substantially more than enough to cover production and distribution costs, with price to be \$60 plus shipping. The original motion was then moot.

Transactions

Jian-Yu Lu presented a presentation on the performance of MC which has been running for about 4 months now. The process has resulted in substantially shorter processing times for manuscripts. Marge Yuhas reported on the old system, commenting that we might want to give authors a time limit for revisions or it goes into a withdrawn status. A discussion ensued regarding how long to allow authors to spend revising documents for resubmittal.

John Kosinski made and Jan Brown seconded a motion that passed (20 in favor, 1 opposed): That the Transaction Editor in

Chief and As so ci ate Ed i tor in Chief are au tho rized to no tify ev ery one with manu scripts in the leg acy sys tem that are with the au thors and have an age of a year or more that the pa pers will be ad minis tra tive ly with drawn un less acted upon within one month.

Newsletter

Jan Brown is look ing for a Vice Chair, News let ter Ed i tor, and on-line news let ter ed i tor.

Nominations

Chair Stu art Fos ter dis trib uted a short writ ten re port. 2003 is an elec tion year for the UFFC Pres i dent Elect, and nom i na tions should be re ceived by Stu by Aug 2003. Nom i na tions re quire a let ter of nom i na tion signed by two mem bers of ADCOM, and up to date CV, and a let ter from nom i nees.

Ferroelectrics Committee

Susan Trolier-McKinstry, Ferro elec trics VP, re ported that the 2002 Nara con fer ence was dis cussed at the last AdCom meet ing, and she ex pects the sur plus amount of \$6.7k to stay about the same. Mike Garvey sub mit ted a writ ten re port for the 2004 joint con fer ence. The 2006 meet ing will be in Ra leigh North Carolina, with Jon-Paul Maria as Gen eral Chair.

Frequency Control Committee

Lute Maleki, Fre quency Con trol VP, stated that the 2002 FC sym po sium, re ported on at the last AdCom meet ing, should have a bet ter than ex pected sur plus. Mike Garvey pro vided a writ ten re port for 2003. The con fer ence will be held in Tampa FL, in May 2003, and will be joint with EFTF. Mike Driscoll will be Gen eral Chair for 2005 and 2006. A MOU ap proved by the Fre quency Con trol Stand ing Com mit tee mem bers was passed around for re view and dis cus sion.

Lute Maleki made and Jan Brown sec onded a mo tion that passed (20 in fa vor, 0 op posed): That the ADCOM ap prove the MOU sub ject to re view by IEEE Con fer ence Ser vices.

Ultrasonics Committee

Jim Green leaf, Ultra sonics VP, gave a writ ten and oral re port. Clem ens Ruppel has ac cepted an of fer to be vice-chair of the Ultra sonics Com mit tee. Clem ens gave a brief pre sen ta tion on the cur rent Mu nich meet ing (2002 IUS) with in for ma tion on so cial events. The 2004 joint meet ing has al ready been dis cussed, and 2005 in Rot ter dam is rel a tive ly set, al though the venue is not set and we are look ing for a vol un teer to run the con fer ence. There is dis cus sion of hold ing the 2008 meet ing in Bei jing or Nan jing.

The 2003 IUS bud get was pre sented, and a dis cus sion en sued re gard ing the in crease in fees and bud get ex penses. Herman van de Vaart made and John Kosinski sec onded a mo tion that passed (11 in fa vor 8 op posed, one ab stain – ac cord ing to the By laws a ma jor ity of vot ing mem bers (11) is needed to pass mo tion): To ac cept the 2003 IUS Sym po sium bud get.

Awards

Awards Chair Reinhold Lerch pro vided a writ ten re port of the 2002 award selectees for the Achievment Award and the Distinguished Ser vice Award, the 2001 Out stand ing pa per Award for Trans ac tions.

Bernie Tittmann, Dis tin guished Lec turer and ma jor awards sub com mit tee chair, re ported that Da vid Payne is fin ish ing up w/ dis tin guished lec turer hav ing served for 2001 - 2002. Kirk Shung is serv ing for 2002 – 2003 and Steve Jefferts is serv ing for 2003 - 2004 Two in di vid u als were con sid ered for dis tin guished lec turer fol low ing Steve Jefferts (in 2004). Pre sen ta tions were made on be half of both can di dates, and an AdCom vote re sulted in Nava Set ter be ing se lected as dis tin guished lec turer for an 18 month term start ing in July 1, 2004 and run ning through 2005.

Membership Services

Chair Rajesh Panda gave an oral and writ ten re port on the mem ber ship sta tus of UFFC. He dis cussed on go ing ef forts to de velop pro mo tional ma te ri als, send ma te ri als to other con fer ences, etc. A dis cus sion was held re gard ing the fees UFFC pays for its mem bers hav ing re cip ro cal ac cess to other so ci ety pub li ca tions, about \$70-80k this year, which is over one third of the to tal mem ber ship dues for our so ci ety. This is not rea son able and we should stop al low ing this re cip ro cal ac cess.

John Vig made and Art Ballato sec onded a mo tion that passed (18 in fa vor, 0 op posed): If any charges for re cip ro cal ac cess to UFFC pub li ca tions oc cur then we au tho rize our pub li ca tions VP to no tify the ap pro pri ate so ci eties that we are no lon ger go ing to al low re cip ro cal ac cess start ing in 2003.

Senior Stu dent Rep re sen ta tive Ray Brennan spoke about mem ber ship pro mo tional items, a poster and post cards of fi nal de sign were shown. A flier/hand out with in for ma tion sim i lar to the poster has also been gen er ated. These ma te ri als will be sent to uni ver sities, con fer ences, etc. A booth will dis play this ma te ri al here in Munich. Jan Brown said the mem ber ship com mit tee should be com mended on get ting this done well and in a timely man ner.

Standards

Chair Art Ballato pro vided a writ ten re port on the prog ress be ing made on sev eral stan dards, and brought up the is sue of hav ing a group of peo ple who were sub mit ted to IEEE as vol un teers to work on one stan dard be ing re jected be cause they had not paid a \$10 fee to be on the rel e vant stan dards com mit tee. Art sug gested that per haps we should con sider pub lish ing the in for ma tion as

some thing other than an IEEE stan dard and put it on the web. A dis cus sion en sued over whether AdCom should pay the \$10 fee for UFFC stan dards vol un teers so that IEEE will ac cept them and al low this to be come an IEEE stan dard, or whether we should pub lish the re sults on the web, which would al low oth ers to ac cess it with out IEEE charg ing. If it is an IEEE stan dard, we would be re stricted from pub lish ing it on the web site, and any one that wants it would have to pay to get ac cess to it. On the other hand, it was sug gested that if it is not an IEEE stan dard, it will in fact not be a stan dard that is used. The \$10 fee ap pears to be es sen tially a “tax”, which vol un teers must pay in or der to have the op por tu nity to work on stan dards.

Su san Trolier-McKinstry made and Art Ballato sec onded a mo tion that passed (15 in fa vor, 1 op posed, 1 ab stain): That UFFC-S AdCom in form the stan dards as so ci a tion that we are philo soph i cally op posed to the stan dards as so ci a tion im pos ing a \$10 fee for IEEE mem bers to be al lowed to work on stan dards de vel op ment, and to the stan dards as so ci a tion not ap pro ving tech ni cally qual i fied in di vid u als for balloting on stan dards un less they are IEEE mem bers and also stan dards as so ci a tion mem bers.

Jan Brown made a mo tion sec onded by John Kosinski that passed (14 in fa vor, 3 op posed, 1 ab stain): That the UFFC-S AdCom, if nec es sary in the ap pli ca ble year, pay the \$10 mem ber ship fee for stan dards as so ci a tion mem ber ship on be half of the UFFC mem bers who would be vot ing in the year the stan dard is ready for sub mit tal.

Fellows

Chair Rich ard White pro vided a writ ten re port which Jackie Hines pre sented.

Education

Rob ert Schwart z, Chair of the ed u ca tion com mit tee sent Ahmad an e-mail re port sum mar iz ing the ed u ca tion ac ti vi ties at HQ. This will be re ported on fur ther at the next AdCom meet ing.

Historical Committee

Fred Hickernell men tioned the his tor i cal in ter views and dates that were put into the news let ter. Fred put in some of what he thinks the his tor i cal com mit tee should do. He is look ing for more in ter est ed peo ple, to help with pre serv ing a lot of in ter est ing his tory, both from a tech ni cal and a so ci ety per spec tive, and would wel come any one who would like to join this ef fort.

Long Range Plan ning

John Vig pre sented the high lights of a long range plan, includ ing bring ing new blood into AdCom and en forc ing term lim its and es ta blish ing a con fer ences/exhibits chair. A dis cus sion en sued re lat ing to con fer ences and how MTT han dles con trol

over con fer ences. John Vig stated that im prov ing the fi nan cial health of the UFFC-S is crit i cal. We should know the cost im pact of each de ci sion made at AdCom, and build up re serves and main tain them at 70% of the an nual UFFC-S ex pense bud get. Fi nally, should UFFC be look ing out for new tech nol o gies, per haps MEMs?

UFFC-S Representatives

Ahmad Sa fari gave a re port from Leon ard Bond (rep re sen ta tive to the Nanotechnology Council). This Council is sup ported by 20 so ci et ies of which we are one. The first is sue of IEEE Transactions on Nanotechnology was pub lished on March 1, 2002. A Dis tin guished lec turer pro gram has been es ta blished. A 2003 Nanotechnology Con fer ence is set for San Fran cisco in Sep tem ber 2003.

New Business:

1. Bernie Tittmann –passed around leaflet for central PA IEEE sec tion. They have monthly meet ings with speak ers, several chap ters, doing well.
2. **Ferroelectrics committee review** – Gerry Bless ing stated that several AdCom mem bers partic i pated in the re view, and Su san Trolier-McKinstry re sponded to a num ber of ques tions they asked. Su san pro vided about 20 pages of writ ten re port and oral in for ma tion re lat ing to com mit tee con tent, sym pos ium or ga ni za tion, pub li ca tions. Stan dards, re cent ad vances within field, and rec om men da tions for the fu ture were also dis cussed. The com mit tee has 37 peo ple, which is fairly large, with in ter na tional rep re sen ta tion from ferro elec tric groups world wide. Su san be gan her term as VP of Ferro elec trics last Jan u ary, and the term is re new able per the by laws. There will be more ac ti vi ty to make Mem bers into Sr. Mem bers so they will be come el i gi ble for fel low sta tus. There is con cern that Ferro elec trics is still try ing to be come in volved with the so ci ety, es pe cially as far as pub li ca tions are con cerned. The UFFC Trans ac tions has in the



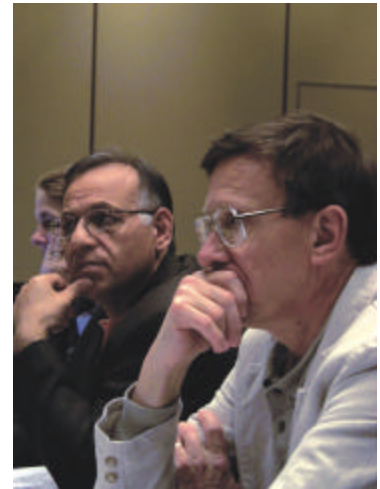
Ahmad Sa fari (l) pre sent ing Ray mond Brennan with a cer tif i cate for AdCom ser vice.



We're in Fa vor - Kiyoshi Nakamura, Ray Brennan, Reinhold Lerch, Bernie Tittmann.



Jackie Hines and Ahmad Sa fari.



Ahmad Sa fari and Gerry Bless ing looking very serious.

past not been a wel com ing site for a lot of the ferro elec trics work. There was dis cus sion of hav ing a sep a rate ferro elec trics pub li ca tion, but that is on the back burner.

3. We have been in vited to par tic i pate at the first bio med i cal im ag ing re search work shop, spon sored by four so ci e ties asked to as sign a UFFC rep for this. Bernie Tittmann. vol un teered.
4. John Kosinski noted that cre a tion of a new VP re quires an amend ment of con sti tu tion, by laws, and de le tion of one of the ex-oficio mem bers if new VP is made vot ing. There is within the by laws a pro ceed ings stand ing com mit tee (which is cur rently non-functioning) whose goals correspond to many of John's re quire ments. Should we ex pand the scope of the pro ceed ings com mit tee rather than have a new VP?
5. John Kosinski also noted that we cur rently have tre men dous re sources on the Web in Eng lish. He would like us to so licit, in for eign lan guages if nec es sary, much of what was done over seas for worth while pub li ca tions in clud ing clas sic ref er ences. Should we put a call for clas sic ref er ences, in de pen dent of lan guages, in sev eral news let ters? John Vig

noted that if we ask for sug ges tions, the re spon si bil ity is then on us to ob tain copy right re leases. Why not ask for vol un teers that will con tact the au thor and or pub lisher to get the rights to put the books on the web site?

6. Ahmad presented certificates of appreciation to the four outgoing elected AdCom members, Clemens Ruppel, Mike Driscoll, Tom Parker, and Lew Brown (Lew was not present, we will mail his cer tifi cate).
7. Cre a tion of new prod uct safety so ci e ty within IEEE (PSS) is on go ing – they need a UFFC rep re sen ta tive to look into elec tri cal and re lated safety is sues.

The meet ing was ad jour ned at 5:08 pm, 7 June 2002.

THE NEXT UFFC-S ADCOM MEETING will be held Sunday May 4, 2002 in Tampa in con junc tion with and pre ceed ing the 2003 FCS/EFTF Sym pos ium in Tampa, Florida.

Jac que line H. Hines
UFFC-S Sec/Treas

President's Message Con tin ued from page 2

As part of the stra te gic plan ning ini tia tive, which was put into mo tion sev eral years ago, we started to re view and eval u ate the ac tiv i ties of the Stand ing Com mit tees in depth. The re views and eval u a tions will be based upon com mit tee mem ber ship and struc ture, sym pos ia, pub li ca tions, web ac tiv i ties and fu ture plans. For the first time, a com mit tee of five mem bers has re viewed the Ferro elec tric Com mit tee's ac tiv i ties at the Ultra sonics meet ing in Mu nich, and found their ac tiv i ties fa vor able. In 2003, the same com mit tee will re view and eval u ate the ac tiv i ties of the Fre quency Con trol and Ultra sonics Com mit tees us ing the same stan dards men tioned above.

In clos ing, I would like to stress out and re quest from you for as much par tic i pa tion as pos si ble in UFFC ac tiv i ties and func tions as peo ple are the strength of sup port of all in sti tu

tions, es pe cially this of ours. Please do not hes i tate to com mu nicate your com ments and thoughts to me. Your feed back would be most ap pre ci ated.

This year, we are looking forward to two major inter na tional sym pos ia, nam ely, the Fre quency Con trol meet ing in Tampa Florida and the Ultra sonics meet ing in Hawai'i. I am con fi dent that these meet ings will be much of a suc cess as the ones that pre ceed ed them in 2002. I hope to see you all in Tampa or Hawai'i this year.

Best re gards,
Ahmad Sa fari
President
E-mail: safari@rci.rutgers.edu

IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society

Administrative Committee & Associates

SOCIETY OFFICERS

PRESIDENT	Ahmad Sa fari	<i>Rutgers University</i>
PRESIDENT-ELECT	Ger ald V. Bless ing	<i>Natl. Inst. of Stan dards & Tech.</i>
VP, FERROELECTRICS	Su san Trolier-McKinstry	<i>The Penn sylvania State Uni versity</i>
Vice-VP, Ferroelectrics	Steve Pil grim	<i>Alfred University</i>
VP, FRE QUENCY CON TROL	Lute Maleki	<i>Jet Propulsion Laboratory</i>
Vice-VP, Fre quency Con trol	Don Sullivan	<i>NIST</i>
VP, ULTRASONICS	Clem ens Ruppel	<i>EPCOS AG</i>
Vice-VP, Ultrasonics	Va cant	
VP, PUBLICATIONS	Jan Brown	<i>JB Consulting</i>
Vice-VP, Publications	Don Yuhas	<i>Industrial Measurement Systems</i>
SECRETARY-TREASURER	Jac que line H. Hines	<i>J. H. Hines Con sult ing</i>

ELECTED ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

2001-2003	Gordon Hay ward, <i>Uni ver sity of Strath clyde</i>	2002-2004	Kiyoshi Nakamura, <i>Tohoku Uni ver sity</i>
2001-2003	Jac que line H. Hines, <i>J. H. Hines Con sult ing</i>	2003-2005	Mathias Fink, <i>Laboratoire Ondes et Acoustique ESPCI</i>
2001-2003	John A. Hossack, <i>Uni ver sity of Vir ginia</i>	2003 - 2005	R. Mi chael Garvey, <i>Symmetricom</i>
2001-2003	Wal ter A. Schulze, <i>Alfred University</i>	2003 - 2005	Kullervo Hynynen, <i>Brigham and Women's Hos pi tal, Harvad Medi cal School</i>
2002-2004	Mauricio Pereira da Cunha, <i>University of Maine</i>	2003 - 2005	Tom Shrout, <i>Pennsylvania State University</i>
2002-2004	Bruce A. Tuttle, <i>Sandia National Laboraories</i>		
2002-2004	John A. Kosinski, <i>U. S. Army Communi cations-Electronics Command</i>		

STANDING COM MIT TEE CHAIRS & VICE-CHAIRS

AWARDS	Reinhard Lerch	<i>Uni ver sity of Erlangen</i>
Awards Vice-Chair*	Bernhard R. Tittmann	<i>The Penn sylvania State Uni versity</i>
EDUCATION	Rob ert W. Schwartz	<i>Clemson University</i>
FELLOWS*	Rich ard M. White	<i>Uni ver sity of Cali fornia, Berke ley</i>
FINANCE	Herman van de Vaart	<i>VDV Associates</i>
Fi nance Vice-Chair*	Jac que line H. Hines	<i>J. H. Hines Con sult ing</i>
HISTORIAN*	Fred S. Hickernell	<i>Motorola (re tired))</i>
LONG RANGE PLANNING*	John R. Vig	<i>U. S. Army Communi cations-Electronics Command</i>
MEMBERSHIP SERVICES	Rajesh K. Panda	<i>Philips Medical Systems</i>
Chap ters Vice-Chair*	Eliz a beth M. Herrera	<i>Diebold Incorporated</i>
NOMINATIONS	Steve Pil grim	<i>Alfred University</i>
Nominations Vice-Chair*	Va cant	
STAN DARDS	Ar thur Ballato	<i>U. S. Army Communi cations-Electronics Command</i>
Stan dards Vice-Chair*	Eva Ferre-Pikal	<i>Uni ver sity of Wy oming</i>
PUBLICATIONS	Jan Brown	<i>JB Consulting</i>
Pub li ca tions Vice - Chair*	Don Yuhas	<i>Industrial Measurement Systems</i>
PUBLICITY AND EXHIBITION*	Sorah Rhee	<i>Pennsylvania State University</i>

TRANSACTIONSEDITOR*Jian-Yu Lu *University of Toledo*

Trans. Associate Editor-in-Chief* Marjorie P. Yuhas

Industrial Measurement Systems, Inc.

NEWSLETTEREDITOR*

Newsletter Vice-Editor* Jan Brown

JB Consulting

WEB EDITOR in CHIEF*

Web Ed. for Ul tra sound* Sorah Rhee

Pennsylvania State University

Web Ed. for Ferro elec trics* Rich ard Y. Chiao

GE Corporate R&D

Web Ed. for Freq. Con trol* Sorah Rhee

Pennsylvania State University

Sr. Past Pres i dent (2000 – 2002)

John R. Vig

U. S. Army Communi cations-Elec tronics Command

Jr. Past Pres i dent (2002 – 2004)

Fred S. Hickernell

Motorola (re tired)

Sr. Stu dent Mem ber* (2001-2002)

Eunki Hong

The Pennsylvania State Uni ver sity

Jr. Stu dent Mem ber* (2002-2003)

Asha Hall

Rutgers Uni ver sity

*Non-voting position

SUB-COMMITTEEMEMBERS

STANDARDS

Ferroelectrics

Su san Trolier-McKinstry

The Pennsylvania State Uni ver sity

Loss in Acoustic Mate ri als

Stew art Sherrit

Jet Propul sion Lab o ra tory

Piezoelectric Crystals

B. Hanson

Piezo Crys tal Com pany

Piezomagnetic Tech nol ogy

Thryg R. Meeker

Stan Ehrlich As so ci ates

Sen sors, Act u a t o r s & Trans duc e r s

Stan ley L. Ehrlich

Drexel Uni ver sity

Superconductivity

Ryszard Lec

Sandia National Lab o ra tory

Surf. Acous tic Wave De vices

Stephen J. Martin

Michi gan State Uni ver sity

Time & Fre quency

Moises Levy

Thomson Components/Spe cial Products

Brage Golding

Uni ver sity of Wy o ming

Pierre Dufilie

U. S. Army Comm.-Elec. Com mand

Eva Ferre-Pikal

John R. Vig

DISTINGUISHEDLECTURERS

July 2001 – De cem ber 2002

Da vid A. Payne

Uni ver sity of Il li nois, Ur bana

July 2002 – De cem ber 2003

K. Kirk Shung

The Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity

July 2003 – De cem ber 2004

Ste ven R. Jefferts

National In sti tute of Stan dards & Tech nol ogy

July 2004 – De cem ber 2005

Nava Set ter

EPFL Swiss Fed eral In sti tute of Tech nol ogy

SYMPOSIALEADERSHIP

ULTRASONICSSYMPOSIA

2002 Mu nich, Ger many

Clem ens Ruppel

EPCOS AG

2003 Ho no lulu, Ha waii

Clem ens C. W. Ruppel

EPCOS AG

2004 Mon treal, Can ada

James F. Green leaf

Mayo Clinic

(Joint UFFC Sym po sium)

Wil liam D. O'Brien, Jr.

Uni ver sity of Il li nois, Ur bana

2005 Rot ter dam, The Nether lands

R. Mi chael Garvey

Symmetricom, Tech nol ogy Re source Center

Ton A. van der Steen

Thorax Centre

FERROELECTRICSSYMPOSIA

2002 Nara, Kansai, Ja pan

Su san Trolier-McKinstry – chair

The Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity

2004 Mon treal, Can ada

Tadashi Takenaka

Sci ence Uni ver sity of To ky o

(Joint UFFC Sym po sium)

Da vid Payne

Uni ver sity of Il li nois, Ur bana

R. Mi chael Garvey

Symmetricom, Tech nol ogy Re source Center

FREQUENCY CONTROL SYM.

2002 New Or leans, LA

Lute Maleki – chair

Jet Propul sion Lab o ra tory

Errol P. EerNisse

Quartzdyne, Inc.

2003 Tampa Bay, FL

R. Mi chael Garvey
R. Besson

*Symmetric, Technology Resource Center
Lab. De Chrono. Electr. Piezoelec.*

2004 Mon treal, Can ada
(Joint UFFC Sym po sium)
2005 & 2006

R. Mi chael Garvey
Mi chael M. Driscoll

*Fre quency & Time Sys tems Inc.
Northrup Grumman Corp.*

UFFC-SREPRESENTATIVES

Com mit tee on Man & Ra di a tion	Vacant
Educational Activities	Vacant
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Superconductivity Council	Moises Levy Brage Golding
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IEEE Professional Activities	
Com mit tee: 'PACE'	Jan Brown
Pub li ca tions Board	Jian-yu Lu
TAB New Tech nol ogy Di rec tions	John R. Vig

*Xerox Corporation, PARC
Naval Research Laboratory
EPFL
Uni versity of Wis consin, Mil wau kee
Mich i gan State Uni ver sity
Naval Under sea War fare Center*

*JB Consulting
Uni ver sity of To le do
U. S. Army Com mu ni ca tions - Elec tron ics
Com mand*

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UFFC AWARDS

The Chair of the UFFC Awards Committee, Reinhard Lerch, with the help of several committees makes recommendations to the AdCom for four major society-wide awards, namely, the

Achievement Award, the Distinguished Service Award, the Outstanding Paper Award, and the Distinguished Lecturer. Dr. Lerch reports on the 2002 awards.

UFFC Achievement Award

The Achievement Award is the highest Society-wide award presented to a member in special recognition of outstanding contributions. Selection criteria include significant technical publications in the field of ultrasonics, ferroelectrics, or frequency control, as well as contributions to these technical fields, and service to the Society. The winner is selected by the Officers and the Awards Committee from nominations submitted by the general membership. The award consists of an honorarium of \$2,000, a plaque, and a certificate. Presentation is usually at one of the Society's major symposia. The first award was presented in 1980.

2002 UFFC Achievement Award Recipient

The UFFC Society congratulates the winner of the 2002 UFFC Achievement Award: **Dr. Jack A. Kusters**, who just retired from Hewlett Packard. The certificate and the plaque of his award reads:

"For his valuable and numerous contributions to the understanding and deep in sight into the working mechanisms of frequency control devices and his productive work on many Frequency Control and IEEE committees."

Dr. John R. Vig will present the introductory remarks for Dr. Kusters' award at the Frequency Control Symposium in Tampa, FL, in May 2003.



John Vig (center) accepting Achievement Award on behalf of Jack Kusters from Reinhard Lerch and Ahmad Saifari.

Achievement Award Nominations

Nominations may be submitted at any time. Any member may submit a nomination by sending the nominee's name and a description of that person's main contributions, along with the submitter's own name and address to:

Prof. Dr. -Ing. Reinhard Lerch
Chair, UFFC-S Awards Committee
Friedrich-Alexander-University Erlangen-Nuremberg
Department of Sensor Technology
Paul-Gordan-Str. 3/5
91052 Erlangen
Germany
Fon: +49 9131 85 23131
Fax: +49 9131 85 23133
e-Mail: reinhard.lerch@lse.e-technik.uni-erlangen.de

Past Recipients of the Achievement Award

The UFFC Achievement Award was first presented in 1980.

Eric L. Adler, 2001: *For his extensive contributions to the understanding and analysis of bulk, surface and pseudo-surface acoustic waves in single crystals and layered structures, and his years of service to the Society.*

John R. Vig, 2000: *For his creative and innovative research on quartz resonators and sensors, and for his many years of service and leadership in the IEEE UFFC Society.*

Thomas E. Parker, 1999: *For his original contributions to high-stability SAW oscillators and his leadership of the professional community worldwide for increasingly more precise time standards and time transfer.*

William D. O'Brien, Jr., 1998: *For leadership in establishing a broad knowledge of the interaction of ultrasound with biological tissue, including bioeffects, dosimetry and clinical standards, and for fostering in his students the joy of discovery.*

Noriyoshi Chubachi, 1997: *For his significant contributions in piezoelectric materials, in ultrasonic microscopy, and in materials characterization; and for his dedication to encouraging and guiding young engineers in ultrasonics research.*

L. Eric Cross, 1996: *For his many contributions to the theoretical understanding and engineering applications of ferroelectric and antiferroelectric materials, and for his worldwide leadership of the ferroelectrics community.*

Fred S. Hickernell, 1995: *For his comprehensive research and development of dielectric and piezoelectric films for acoustic and optical microelectronic devices, and for editing the UFFC-S News letter since 1977 with enthusiasm and vision.*

Arthur W. Warner, Jr., 1995: *For his nearly 60 years of pioneering and wide-ranging contributions to the design and fabrication of high-stability quartz resonators.*

Nobuo Mikoshiba, 1994: *For his devotion to engineering education and his leadership in physical acoustics, photoacoustics and acoustoelectronics, and for establishing the first UFFC-S Chapter in Japan.*

Harry F. Tiersten, 1993: *For developing several rational theories for analyzing the electroelastic behavior in anisotropic crystals, including piezoelectric, nonlinear and energy-trapping effects for bulk and surface acoustic waves.*

Arthur Ballato, 1992: *For his wide-ranging contributions to the fundamental understanding, in both the theory and practice, of piezoelectric materials and their application to resonators, filters and frequency control devices, and for his energetic pursuit of IEEE standards.*

Gerald W. Farnell, 1991: *For his dedication to engineering education, his comprehensive research on acoustic propagation and waveguiding in anisotropic materials, and his long-term commitment to the Society and IEEE.*

Cecil E. Land, 1990: *In recognition of his creative and innovative research on ferroelectric and electro-optic phenomena in ceramic materials and devices, and his many years of service to the Society.*

Eric A. Ash, 1989: *For his devotion to education and his innovation and leadership in surface acoustic waves, integrated optics and scanning acoustic microscopy.*

Richard M. White, 1988: *For launching innovative and fruitful ideas in ultrasonics by making pivotal contributions to theory and experiment, in photoacoustics, surface acoustic wave devices and sensors.*

Thyrgve R. Meeker, 1987: *For pioneering contributions, ranging from concept to practical implementation, in the fields of bulk wave resonators and dispersive delay lines; and for diligently pursuing standards on piezoelectric crystals.*

Calvin F. Quate, 1986: *For combining the concepts of mechanical scanning and the single-surface diffraction-limited lens to create the Scanning Acoustic Microscope.*

Richard C. Williamson, 1985: *For pioneering contributions to surface wave signal processing device technology, through conception, design, characterization, practical fabrication and seminal application of reflective-grating structures.*

Gordon S. Kino, 1984: *For his vast scientific contributions in numerous fields and his dedication to student involvement in sonics and ultrasonics technology.*

Bertram A. Auld, 1983: *For scientific excellence and distinction through the oratorical contributions to ultrasonics.*

Herbert J. Shaw, 1982: *For many contributions, through research and education, to ultrasonics technology.*

Robert Adler, 1981: *For insight, innovation, and leadership given to ultrasonics technology.*

John de Klerk, 1980: (Citation is not recorded in any document of the Society, but citation most likely acknowledged de Klerk's development of the first Surface Acoustic Wave devices to be widely used in radar systems [13-bit Barker phase code], and his foresight in establishing and editing the Ultrasonics Symposium Proceedings.)

UFFC Distinguished Service Award

The Distinguished Service Award recognizes long-term support of the Society's activities. Recognition is given to those who innovate new Society programs, administer major Committees, manage Society functions, or promote the Society's areas of technical interest to the larger community. The recipient usually has served for many years with sustained participation in the Society's management. Selection is made by the Officers and the Awards Committee from nominations submitted by the general membership. The award consists of an honorarium of \$2,000, a plaque and a certificate. Presentation is usually at one of the Society's major symposia. The first award was presented in 1997.

2002 Distinguished Service Award Recipient

The IEEE UFFC 2002 Distinguished Service Award was presented during the opening ceremony of the Munich Symposium. The UFFC Society is proud to announce its recipient: **Dr. Jan Brown**, Principal and Founder of JB Consulting in

Austin, TX, USA. The plaque and the certificate of Dr. Brown's award reads:

"In recognition of her long-term dedication to the UFFC Society, as well as the IEEE in its entirety, for her organizational leadership as past president and her insightful con-



Distinguished Service Award winner, Dr. Jan Brown.



Fred Hickernell pre sent ing the Dis tin guished Ser vice Award to Jan Brown with Ahmad Sa fari.

tri bu tions in many po si tions en abling the UFFC So ci ety to broaden its ho ri zons."

This award was pre sented by Dr. Fred Hickernell, an other former president of the UFFC Society. He ap pre ciated Dr. Brown's ex cel lent sci en tific work within the ul tra sonic com mu nity as well as her long-term ser vice for the UFFC So ci ety.

UFFC Dis tin guished Ser vice Award Nom i na tions

Nom i na tions may be sub mit ted at any time. Any mem ber may sub mit a nom i na tion by send ing the nom i nee's name and a de scrip tion of that per son's main con tri bu tions, along with the submit ter's own name and ad dress to:

Prof. Dr. -Ing. Reinhard Lerch
Chair, UFFC-S Awards Com mit tee
Friedrich-Alexander-University Erlangen-Nuremberg
De part ment of Sen sor Tech nology
Paul-Gordan-Str. 3/5
91052 Erlangen
Germany
Fon: +49 9131 85 23131
Fax: +49 9131 85 23133
e-Mail: reinhard.lerch@lse.e-technik.uni-erlangen.de

Past Re cip i ents of the Dis tin guished Ser vice Award

The Dis tin guished Ser vice Award was first pre sented in 1997.
Arthur Ballato, 2001: *For his insightful organizational leadership encompassing all fields of interest of the Society, with special appreciation for his diligent pursuit of IEEE Standards.*

Roger H. Tancress, 2000: *In recognition of his 15 years of excellent chairmanship of the Awards Committee, and for his long-term dedication and leadership of the UFFC Society.*

Bruce R. McAvoy, 1999: *In recognition of his vision and enterprise in editing the Ultrasonics Symposium Proceedings and his dedication to strengthening communications with the wider IEEE community.*

Herman van de Vaart, 1998: *For three decades of leadership of the UFFC Society re-vamping the Society's operations including finance, constitution and awards, enabling the Society to broaden its horizons.*

Gerald W. Farnell, 1997: *In recognition of his long-term dedication to the UFFC Society, and for his gentle, yet determined, nurturing of the Ultrasonics Committee and Ultrasonics Symposium.*

UFFC Dis tin guished Lec turer Award

The Dis tin guished Lec turer rep re sents the UFFC So ci ety by giving lec tures world wide to the larger tech ni cal com mu nity. The sub ject of the lec ture must be of cur rent in ter est and the lec turer must be a prom i nent con trib u tor in the field of the lec ture. The speaker is se lected for speak ing style, prom i nence in the topic, and will ing ness to com mit sig nif i cant time and en ergy to prep a ra tion, travel and lec tures. The Lec turer is se lected by the Dis tin guished Lec turer Sub com mit tee of the UFFC-S Awards Com mit tee from nom i na tions re ceived from the gen eral mem ber ship. Pre sen ta tion is usu ally at one of the Society's ma jor sym po sia.

The award con sists of a cer tifi cate, and re im burse ment for an in ter na tional lec ture tour.

You are en cour aged to in vite the Dis tin guished Lec turer to your Chap ter or in sti tu tion.

2002 - 2003 Dis tin guished Lec turer

Dr. K. Kirk Shung

K. Kirk Shung, pro fes sor
De part ment of Biomed ical En gineer ing
500 Olin Hall
Uni ver sity of South ern Cal i for nia
Los An geles, CA 90089-1451
e-mail: kkshung@usc.edu

Ul tra sound: an un ex plored tool for blood flow vi su al i za tion and hemody namic mea sure ments

Ul tra sonic scat ter ing by blood has been stud ied both the o ret i cally and ex per i men tally for many years for the pur pose of a bet ter charac ter i za tion of the per formance of



Dr. K. Kirk Shung
2002-2003 UFFC
Distinguished Lecturer

ultrasonic Doppler flow and imaging devices. In the course of these investigations it became clear that ultrasonic scattering from blood or echogenicity of blood is critically related to the hematological and hemodynamic properties of blood. It can be affected by hematocrit, plasma protein concentration, flow rate and flow cycle duration, to name just a few parameters. The experimental efforts

have been paralleled by the theoretical developments that successfully predict many experimental observations.

An unexpected conclusion from this work is that ultrasound appears to be a totally unexplored and ignored tool for blood flow visualization and hemodynamic measurements. Two unique hemodynamic phenomena that have never been reported in the hemodynamic literature have been observed: the black hole, a low echogenic zone in the center stream of whole blood flowing in a blood vessel under steady flow and the collapsing ring, an echogenic ring appearing near the periphery of a vessel at the beginning of a flow cycle, converging toward the center, and eventually collapsing during pulsatile flow. They are believed to be resulted from the spatial and temporal variations of the shear rate in the blood stream. With the recent technical advances including standard B-mode, color Doppler, power Doppler, and B-flow imaging, clinical reports of observing similar phenomena in vivo on human patients begin to appear. These are exciting evidences to showcase the viability and effectiveness of ultrasound as a tool for blood flow visualization and quantitative measurements of hemodynamic parameters. Ultrasound is much superior than current technologies such as optical tracing of fluorescent particles in that it can penetrate light opaque structures. However, it must be realized that much effort for advocating the merits of ultrasound is needed before it will be recognized and accepted by the hemodynamics community.

In this talk, a historic discussion of these developments, results from recent studies, and a perspective of the future will be given.

Feel Free to contact Dr. Shung to schedule a visit to your area.

Dr. Shung reports

A trip was made to Japan and Korea between October 30 and Nov. 14, 2002. Three lectures were made in Korea. Two lectures were given at Pukyong National University at Pusan, Korea. One was an invited talk for the Acoustical Society of Korea annual meeting. Pusan is a beautiful city located right on the coast. My wife, Linda, and I were able to stroll along the beach every morning while we were there. The trip to Pusan was hosted by Dr. Kang-Lyeol Ha, professor of Physics at Pukyong National University.



A side trip while visiting Dr. Kang-Lyeol Ha, Kirk and Linda Shung in Pusan, Korea

One lecture was delivered at Seoul National University in Seoul hosted by Koeng-Mo Sung, professor of electrical engineering. On Nov. 8, a lecture was given at the Japanese Ultrasonic Electronics Conference at Kanazawa, Japan, which is a historic city. My wife and I were able to tour the park in the central city on a sunny day where there was a beautifully maintained Japanese garden and castle.

Three more lectures were given at Aloka and Toshiba which are located near Tokyo and at Tohoku University in Sendai. Dr. Toshiyuki Matsunaka who treated me with an elegant traditional Japanese cuisine consisting of many courses hosted my trip to Aloka Company. The lecture at Toshiba became possible because of a last minute effort of Dr. Joerg Schlegel, a German Scientist working at Toshiba who picked us at the train station and showed us around.

The last leg of the trip was Tohoku University. In addition to giving the lecture, I was able to tour the laboratories of Profs. Kiyoshi Nakamura, Hiroshi Kanai, Jun-ichi Kushibiki, and Ken Yamada. The work carried out there is most impressive. I learned a great deal. The visit to Tohoku University ended with a dinner at terrific traditional Japanese restaurant. Prof. Noriyoshi Chubachi joined us for dinner also. Prof. Ken Yamada meticulously arranged the whole Japanese trip. I owe him many thanks.

A trip was also made in November to Seattle. Dr. Roy Martin, Applied Physics Laboratory, University of Washington, hosted the lecture. I was treated with a delightful meal at Ivar's Salmon House near the waterfront by Roy and his lovely wife Darlene.

An other lec ture was given at Chung-Yuan Chris tian Uni ver sity in Tai wan on De cem ber 10 hosted by Prof. S.H. Wang, as so ci ate pro fes sor of Bio med i cal En gi neer ing. There were about 80 stu dents and fac ul ty in at ten dance.

2003 – 2004 Dis tin guished Lec turer

Dr. Ste ven R. Jefferts

Na tional Insti tute of Stan dards & Tech nology

NIST - Time and Fre quency Di vi sion

325 Broad way

Boul der, CO 80305

jefferts@boulder.nist.gov

Atomic Clocks: Past, Pres ent and Fu ture

Atomic Clocks have be come ubiq ui tous in mod ern elec tronic sys tems. Mod ern nav i ga tion sys tems, such as the global po si tion ing sys tem (GPS), and wide-bandwidth com mu ni ca tion sys tems are ex am ples of two sys tems which cannot exist without the long-term fre quency-sta bility offered by atomic clocks. Com mercially avail able atomic clocks range from Ru bid ium based os cil a tors, which cost around \$1000 with thousands of units per year pro duced, to Hy dro gen mas ers cost ing \$250,000 with a yearly pro duc tion of a hand ful. Fi nally lab o ra to ry based atomic clocks us ing so phis tic ated laser-cool ing tech niques have been built in a few lab o ra to ries around the world.



Dr. Steve Jefferts
2003-2004 UFFC
Dis tin guished Lec turer

These pre mier atomic clocks of fer frac tional fre quency ac cu racy at the 10^{-15} level, equiv a lent to one sec ond in 31 mil lion years.

La ser-cooled atomic clocks are also be ing de vel oped for flight aboard the In ter na tional Space Sta tion (eg. the NIST/NASA/JPL PARCS and the ESA/ACES projects) where they promise to deliver fre quency ac cu racy of $\delta f/f = 5 \times 10^{-17}$. Even more ex otic atomic clocks are be ing de vel oped in lab o ra to ries with po ten tial ac cu ra cies at the 10^{-18} level.

The un der lying phys ical prin ciples which gov ern all of these clocks will be il lus trated. The ba sic struc ture of many of these atomic os cil a tors will be pre sented along with some dis cus sion of the trade-offs in her ent in all of these de signs.

In par tic u lar, the laser-cooled pri mary fre quency stan dards such as NIST-F1 and PTB CS-F1 will be the sub ject of de tailed ex a mi na tion. An ex a mi na tion of this type of fre quency stan dard will re quire a short dis cus sion of la ser-cool ing. The la ser-cool ing pro cess used in NIST-F1 al lows the tem per a ture of the ce sium (cae sium) at oms used in the clock to be low ered from room tem per a ture (300K) to 1 μ K: a re duc tion of the ther mal en ergy of al most 9 or ders of mag ni tude! These very low en ergy ce sium at oms ob tained through la ser-cool ing are

crucial to the operation of a frequency standard with an ac cu racy equal to or better than the 10^{-15} level. The rel a tively de tailed de scrip tion of NIST-F1, along with the pre vi ous pre sen ta tion of the more tra di tional atomic clocks, will al low a dis cus sion of the PARCS and ACES atomic clocks sched uled to be flown aboard the ISS in 2005.

Fi nally, the cur rent state of the art of new stan dards based on op ti cal tran sitions will be pre sented. These op ti cal stan dards based on tran sitions with fre quen cies on the or der of 10^{15} Hz as op posed to the 10^{10} Hz hyper fine tran si tion fre quen cies typ i cal of ex ist ing atomic clocks, are be ing ac tively de vel oped in many stan dards lab o ra to ries around the world. They are quickly ap proach ing the ac cu racy of the very best hyper fine tran si tion atomic clocks and the fu ture prom ise of the op ti cal clocks is bright.

Steve Jefferts, a na tive of Se at tle, WA, re ceived his BS. in Phys ics from the Uni ver sity of Wash ing ton and his PhD in Atomic Physics/Precision Metrology from JILA/University of Col o rado in 1992. He then moved to NIST as an NRC post doc toral fel low in the Time and Fre quency di vi sion work ing on trapped ions for quan tum com pu ta tion de vices. In 1994 he joined the Time and Fre quency di vi sion as a staff sci en tist where he has worked on pri mary fre quency stan dards and time transfer. Dr Jefferts' group de signed and op er ates NIST-F1 (the U.S. Pri mary Fre quency Stan dard) and is cur rently de signing the next gen er a tion of ter res trial laser-cooled pri mary fre quency stan dards for NIST. Dr Jefferts is also a mem ber of the PARCS (Pri mary Ref er ence Clock in Space) ce sium clock project to be flown aboard the In ter na tional Space Sta tion in 2005. PARCS is a joint NIST, Uni ver sity of Col o rado, Jet Pro pul sion Labs and NASA project.

Please con tact Steve Jefferts to sched ule a visit to your area dur ing the pe riod from July 2003 – De cem ber 2004.

2004 – 2005 Dis tin guished Lec turer

Dr. Nava Set ter

Ceramics Laboratory

Materials Institute

EPFL Swiss Federal Institute of Technology

Lausanne, 1015 Swit zer land

nava.setter@epfl.ch

Down Scal ing in Piezoelectrics and Pyroelectrics:

Microdevices, Nanofabrication, Nanoscale Fea tures and Size Effects

Piezo- and pyroelectrics ma te ri als in the form of thin and thick films are finding new ap pli ca tions in various fast growing fields such as mo bile com mu ni ca tions and MEMS. The num ber of ap pli ca tions that could ben e fit from avail a bility and im ple men ta tion of these films is likely to grow.

Size re duc tion of ferroelectric-based micro-components, both in thick ness and lat eral di men sions, is re quired for fu ture ap pli ca tions. This can be achieved by a re duc tive ap proach of etch ing of the sintered con tin uous lay ers, or by an ad di tive ap proach in which a treat ment of the sub strate re sults in the cre-

ation of pat terned struc tures prior to the an neal ing step. Novel lo cal tech niques, e.g., pi ezo elec tric force mi cros copy, al low the anal ysis of prop er ties in such small com po nents.

Var i ous mi crode vices will be de scribed, is sues in fab ri ca tion tech nol ogy will be dis cussed, and data and in ter pre ta tion of lo cal mea sure ments will be re viewed. In light of these re sults, size ef fects in fer roelec trics and their sig nifi cance in emerg ing ap pli ca tions will be dis cussed.

Nava Setter re ceived B.Sc. and M.Sc. de grees in Civil En gi neer ing from the Techion – Isreal In sti tute of Tech nol ogy and Ph.D. de gree in Solid State Sci ence from the Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity in 1980. She has worked in the area of fer ro elec tric ce ram ics and sin gle crys tals, mi cro wave di elec tric and fer rites at the Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity, USA, at the Uni ver sity of Geneva, Swit zer land, and R&D lab o ra to ries, Isreal. Since 1989 she is head ing the Ce ram ics Lab o ra to ry of the Swiss Fed eral In sti tute of Tech nol ogy at Lausanne (EPFL), a pro fes sor in Ma te ri als Sci ence and En gi neer ing, and an af fil iated pro fes sor in Micro technology En gi neer ing at the EPFL. She was nom i nated a mem ber of the Swiss Acad emy of Tech ni cal Sci ences in 1995. Her sci en tific in ter ests are in pi ezo elec tric and re lated bulk ce ram ics/crys tals and ce ram ic thin and thick films for sen sors, ac tu a tors, and ca pac i tors. She has au thored and co-au thored over 200 sci en tific pa pers in this area. She was the Gen eral Chair for the 1998 ISAF meet ing in Montreux.

Please con tact Nava Set ter to sched ule a visit to your area dur ing the pe riod from July 2004 – De cem ber 2005.

Nom i na tions for Dis tin guished Lec turer Award

Nom i na tions may be sub mit ted at any time. Any mem ber may sub mit a nom i na tion by send ing the nom i nee's name and a de scription of that per son's main con tri bu tions, along with the sub mit ter's own name and ad dress. Mem bers are also en cour aged to sug gest top ics which they feel would be of in ter est. Send nom i na tions and top ics to:

Bernhard R. Tittmann – Awards Vice-Chair
Chair, UFFC-S Dis tin guished Lec turer Sub com mit tee
Schell Pro fes sor
En gi neer ing Sci ence & En gi neer ing
212 Earth & En gi neer ing Sci ence Bldg.
The Penn syl va nia State Uni ver sity
Uni ver sity Park PA 16802 USA
brt4@psu.edu
Bernhard.tittmann@ieee.org

UFFC Outstanding Paper Award

The Out stand ing Pa per Award is pre sented to the au thor(s) of a pa per pub lished in the IEEE UFFC-S Trans ac tions which ex em pli fies ex cel lent tech ni cal con tri bu tions and is clearly writ ten. The win ner is se lected on the ba sis of: ori gi nality, in terest to the mem ber ship, con tri bu tions to the field, clar ity of writ ing, and time liness. Se lection is made by the Awards Com mittee. Nom i na tions and com ments from the Edi tor-in-Chief, As so ci ate Edi tors and Guest Edi tors of the Trans ac tions are so lic ited.

Pa pers are re viewed as a group for each Vol ume of the UFFC-S Trans ac tions (Jan uary through De cem ber). In a given year, usu ally one pa per is se lected, but the Awards Com mittee may chose to give no award or mul ti ple awards when cir cumstances war rant. Pre sen ta tion is usu ally at one of the So ci ety's ma jor sym po sia. The award con sists of a plaque and a cer tif i cate. The Out stand ing Pa per Award was first pre sented in 1956.



Out stand ing Pa per Award re cip i ents (l-r) Jouni V. Knuuttila, Julius Koskela, Tapani Makkonen, Vic tor P. Plessky, Martti M. Salomaa

2001 Out stand ing Pa per Award Re cip i ents

The UFFC So ci ety is proud to an nounce the win ners: **Julius Koskela, Jouni V. Knuuttila, Tapani Makkonen, Vic tor P. Plessky, Martti M. Salomaa**. The work was per formed for

Nokia Re search Cen ter, Fin land. They are all au thors of the se lected pa per on “**Acoustic Loss Mechanisms in Leaky SAW Res o na tors on Lith ium Tan talate**”, Trans ac tions on UFFC, Vol. 48, No 6, pp. 1517 – 1526.

The pre sen ta tion for the 2001 Out stand ing Pa per Award con tained in vol ume 48 of the UFFC Trans ac tions was made by Prof. Reinhard Lerch, chair man of the UFFC



Jouni V. Knuuttila



Julius Koskela



Tapani Makkonen



Victor P. Plessky



Martti M. Salomaa

Awards committee, during the opening ceremony of the IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium in Munich. The members of the Award Committee selected this paper among all others appearing in volume 48 of the IEEE UFFC Transactions, because this paper is masterfully written with concise explanations and smooth transitions. In spite of the fact the

field of surface acoustic wave devices is highly developed, the authors were able to create excitement in the “search for the perfect filter.”

Reinhard Lerch
Chair UFFC Awards UFFC Fellows

UFFC Fellows

Brief History of IEEE Fellow Program

The grade of Fellow first appeared in the AIEE constitution of 1912. In that year, the AIEE revised its membership structure and established the grade of Fellow for those engineers who had demonstrated outstanding proficiency and had achieved distinction in their profession. Potential Fellows had to be at least thirty-two years of age, with a minimum of ten years experience. When the IRE established its Fellow grade in 1914, the requirements were clearly modeled on those of the AIEE. Much of the wording in the relevant sections of the IRE constitution is identical to the corresponding wording in the AIEE constitution.

For the first several years after the establishment of the Fellow grade, both the AIEE and the IRE allowed Members to make direct application for transfer to Fellow. In both cases, applications had to be accompanied by references from five existing Fellows, and required the approval of the Board of Directors. In 1939, the IRE modified its procedure to make admission or transfer to the Fellow grade possible only by direct invitation of the Board of Directors, a policy it maintained until the merger in 1963. In 1938, the AIEE modified its constitution to provide that ‘Applications to the grade of Fellow shall result only from a proposal of five Members or Fellows.’ In 1951, the AIEE prohibited applications for Fellow grade altogether, and adopted a policy of direct invitation similar to that of the IRE.

As noted above, numerous electrical engineers were members of both the AIEE and the IRE, and many of these became Fellows of both organizations. When the two institutes merged in 1963, all AIEE and IRE Fellows automatically became Fellows of the IEEE. In 1942, the IRE had begun to issue citations to new Fellows, briefly describing their accomplishments.

The AIEE followed suit in 1952, and the IEEE continued the practice after the merger.

Since 1963, the IEEE Grade of Fellow has been conferred by the Board of Directors upon a person with an extraordinary record of accomplishments in any of the IEEE fields of interest. A brief citation is issued to new Fellows describing their accomplishments and the total number selected in any one year does not exceed one-tenth per cent of the total voting Institute membership.

UFFC Fellows

The UFFC Society has enjoyed an unusually high number of members who have become IEEE Fellows thanks to the UFFC Fellow Committee under the leadership of Richard M. White, University of California, Berkeley. For a complete listing of UFFC fellows see <http://www.ieee-uffc.org/about/fellows.html>.

2002 IEEE Fellow Award for Prof. Noriyoshi Chubachi

One of the 2002 UFFC Society fellow awards was presented at the Munich Ultrasonics Symposium. Professor Noriyoshi Chubachi from Sendai University was awarded for his long-term excellence in ultrasound research. His fellow certificate reads:

“For contributions to the field of piezo electric materials, ultrasonic microscopy, materials characterization, and medical ultrasonics.”



Dr. and Mrs. Noriyoshi Chubachi with Elke and Reinhard Lerch.



Prof. Noriyoshi Chubachi receiving IEEE Fellow award from Ahmad Sa fari.

This fellow award was presented at the evening banquet of the Munich Symposium, which was held at the Hofbräukeller. The Hofbräukeller as one of Munich's oldest and most famous traditional brewery restaurants hosted the attendees of the Symposium by serving Bavarian food and beer accompanied by a traditional dance and singing show. The fellow award was presented right before the start of the show by Ahmad Safari, President of the UFFC Society and Reinhard Lerch, Chairman of the UFFC Awards Committee.

Mr. William Jefferson Riley, Jr., 2003, *“for contributions to high performance rubidium gas cell frequency standards and stability analysis”*

Dr. Masanori Koshiba, 2003, *“for contributions to the modeling of optical wave propagation in photonics devices.”*

Prof. Satish S. Udpa, *“for contributions to the development of methods for solving inverse problems in the field of nondestructive evaluation.”*

Presentation of these awards will take place at various symposia in 2003.

2003 UFFC Fellows

Congratulations to the newly elected UFFC IEEE Fellows:

Dr. John August Kosinski, 2003, *“for contributions to piezoelectric substrate materials and resonators.”*

Fellow Nominations

Now is the time to begin thinking about nominations for 2004 election. Nominations are due in early spring. Nomination kits for IEEE Fellow may be obtained at <http://www.ieee.org/about/awards/fellows/request.htm>.

STANDARDS

Standards Activities Report



Art Ballato

The IEEE UFFC Standards Committee is looking for proactive volunteers to populate a number of its subcommittees. Subcommittees are responsible for formulating standards in the various technical areas of interest to the UFFC Society. If you wish to volunteer, please contact Art Ballato at art.ballato@IEEE.org.

The following is a status report on the UFFC standards activities presented to the UFFC AdCom 8 October 2002:

1. Our society is currently responsible for ten items, eight standards, one project, and one “start-up.”
2. **Ferroelectrics - A. H. Meitzler (180-1986)**

Preparation of a standard to replace ANSI/IEEE Std 180-1986, “IEEE Standard Definitions of Primary Ferroelectric Terms” is now in its 14th draft version. This is entitled “IEEE Standard Definitions of Terms Associated with Ferroelectric and Related Materials,” and is posted at:

<http://www.mrl.psu.edu/faculty/stm/IEEEStandard.pdf>. The subcommittee continues to invite comments and suggestions from interested readers; these should be sent to: <STMKinstry@psu.edu>.

3. **Losses in Electromechanical Materials - S. Sherrit**
Work has been progressing on the full first draft of the proposed standard "Standards on Characterization of Losses in Electromechanical Materials." Writing assignments include:
 - Overview of non-linear effects; Sherrit
 - Various aspects of complex coupling; Sherrit/Pappalardo/Lamberti
 - Rayleigh's Law and intrinsic/extrinsic contributions to piezoelectric effect; Damjanovic
 - Measurement Errors/Conditions; Cain
 - Fourier methods applied to electro-mechanical materials; LearyThe committee is preparing the standard using the internet and will meet next in 2003 at one of the IEEE-UFFC-sponsored symposia.
4. **Time and Frequency - E. Ferrè-Pikal** (1139-1988 and 1193-1994; J. R. Vig SCC-27 liaison)
No report. [The SCC27 has been working on updating IEEE std 1193 "Guide for Measurement of Environmental

Sensitivities of Standard Frequency Generators." It is planned to ballot the draft and submit to the IEEE Standards Board for approval.]

5. **Surface Acoustic Wave Devices - P. Dufilie** (1037-1992)
[A committee website is now operational at <http://pages.athome.net/saw.standards/>.]
6. **Piezoelectric Crystals - W. P. Hanson** (176-1987 and 177-1966)
No report. [Revision of Piezoelectricity Standard 176: A list of corrections is being prepared.]
7. **Sensors, Actuators, & Transducers - R. M. Lec and S. J. Martin** (P1182)
No report. [A website for posting drafts for project 1182: "IEEE Guide to Terms and Definitions of Ferroelectric, Frequency Control, and Ultrasonic Sensors" is being constructed.]
8. **Piezomagnetic Technology - S. L. Ehrlich** (319-1990)
Currently inactive. [It is planned to post corrections to 319-1990 on the UFFC website.]
9. **Ultrasonics in Medicine - (790-1989)**
Currently inactive. [REVCOM administratively withdrew Standard 790-1989 (R1996) "Guide for Medical Ultrasound Field Parameter Measurements" in December 2001.]

ARTHUR BALLATO
Chair, Standards Activities

Publications

Publications Committee



Don Yuhas, Vice-Chair of Publications.

Welcome to **Dr. Don Yuhas** who has accepted the position of Vice-Chair of the Publications Committee.

The Publications Committee is charged with establishing long-range publications policy in accordance with the plans of the Society, monitor and analyze the current publications of the Society, and to make appropriate recommendations on quality, costs, and schedules of the publications. The Publications Committee chaired by the Vice-President for

Publications makes publication recommendations to the AdCom for discussion and approval.

The members of the Publications Committee include the Vice Chair, the Editor-in-Chief and Associate Editor-in-Chief of the UFFC Transactions, the Editor of the Newsletter, the Web Editor-in-Chief, the UFFC representatives to the IEEE Sensors Journal, Journal of Lightwave Technology, Transactions on Medical Imaging, Transactions on Applied Superconductivity, and the Editors of the Proceedings of the IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium, Proceedings of the IEEE International Symposium

on the Applications of Ferroelectrics, and Proceedings of the IEEE International Frequency Control Symposium. The UFFC Finance Chair is also a member of this committee.

UFFC Transactions

It has been about one year since the new editorial team took office. During this period, with the help and support of all Associate Editors, UFFC Society officers, especially our Vice-President for Publications, and FASS (Federation of Animal Science Societies), the IEEE Transactions on Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control (TUFFC) has made a successful transition of the office, and continue to provide quality service to our members and readers.

Since June 1, 2002, TUFFC has adopted an electronic submission and peer-review system - Manuscript Central (MC). This system has made our manuscript handling and processing much more efficient. It has reduced the workload of AEs and the editorial office dramatically, providing more timely and better service at a lower cost to the Society.

However, we still have manuscripts remaining in the old (legacy) paper-based system. The editorial office is making every effort to process these manuscripts rapidly.



Meet the IEEE UFFC Transactions Editor-in-Chief, Dr. Jian-yu Lu, and Associate Editor-in-Chief, Dr. Marjorie Passini Yuhas.

Dr. John Vig

The following are some statistics of both the legacy and the MC systems.

It has been eight months since we started processing new manuscripts via the online Manuscript Central. Unfortunately for the Associate Editors active at that time, we still had 172 manuscripts still in the active state of review. We are pleased that as of the end of January 2002 we have only 47 manuscripts still in the active state of review. With strong cooperation from the Associate Editors and the authors, we are driving to have the legacy review system closed down by June of 2003. The chart below indicates the time from submission to acceptance. The average time per manuscript is well over 200 days for all the manuscripts processed since January 2001.

Since the society started to use MC eight months ago, the system has run smoothly. The following are preliminary data illustrating its operation. As time goes on, we will be able to provide more accurate statistics.

Total number of manuscripts in MC: **203**:

- 45** have been accepted for publication
- 18** ejected
- 8** withdrawn.

Time from Submission to Decision (any decisions):

Average **87.26** days

Time from Submission to Acceptance:

Average **114.32** days

Time from Submission to Rejection:

Average **78.83** days

Time for Associate Editor to invite Reviewers:

Average **9.38** days

Currently, there are **668** potential reviewers in MC. Among them, 278 have helped us to review the manuscripts. We would like to sincerely thank them for their important anonymous hard work that helps to maintain the high quality of TUFFC.

We would also like to thank all authors for their contributions to TUFFC.

Jian-yu Lu, Editor-in-Chief
Marj Yuhas, Associate Editor-in-Chief

WEB Editor-in-Chief

Dr. John Vig, our founding Web Editor-in-Chief, has passed the baton to Dr. Sorah Rhee effective January 1, 2003. Under John's leadership and guidance UFFC has gone from having little web presence to a site that enjoys over 1000 hits per month. The site contains a comprehensive compendium of Society activity and publications. Each of the UFFC Technical Standing Committees (Ultrasonic, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control) has a web editor who ensures the latest news and information is posted.

John will be missed, but I am sure we will continue to hear his voice. Welcome Sorah!

Please visit www.ieee-uffc.org.

Ultrasonics Web Committee

The 2002 Web Committee meeting was held on October 10, 2002 in Munich at the IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium. In attendance were Bill Walker, Martin Anderson, Levent Degertekin, Svetoslav Nikolov, Richard Chiao and guests Donna Hurley (NIST) and Don Christopher (Philips). (Several members were unable to attend due to a schedule conflict with the Associate Editors meeting.) Although new contributions to the Ultrasonics web slowed during the past 12 months, many sections reported good works-in-progress, so we expect a new infusion of material over the next several months. In particular, we expect the materials database to be launched by Bill's team and the Software section to be further expanded by Martin. Levent and Svetoslav reported on plans for the Teaching Resources section and External Links, respectively. Finally, our hit-rate exceeded 1000 hits/month, which was our goal set in 2000.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Ultrasonics Web Committee and John Vig whose dedication has created this website to serve our profession.

Sincerely,
Richard Chiao
Web Editor-for-Ultrasonics

HISTORY

This Day in History

7 March 1926

The first radio-telephone call across the Atlantic was made, between London and New York.

9 March 1900

Howard Hathaway Aiken, a mathematician who invented a forerunner of the modern electronic digital computer known as the Harvard Mark I, was born on this day.

22 March 1960

Almost one year after Charles Townes patented the maser, he and Arthur Schawlow patented the first laser.

24 March 1959

Charles Townes patented the maser.

25 March 1954

RCA announced the production of color television sets.

27 March 1961

Remington Rand UNIVAC, a division of Sperry Rand, loaded the first mobile computer center, a UNIVAC Solid-State 90 computer, into a motor van.

3 April 1876

Thomas Edison executed his first patent applications from Menlo Park, on acoustic telegraphy. Link to: <http://www.thomasedison.com/biog.htm>

7 April 1959

Scientists in Stanford, CA first bounced radar off the sun.

9 April 1770

Thomas Johann Seebeck, who discovered in 1821 that an electric current flows between different conductive materials that are kept at different temperatures, was born on this day. Link to: <http://chem.ch.huji.ac.il/~eugeniik/history/seebeck.html>

14 April 1943

John Grist Brainerd, director of research at the University of Pennsylvania's Moore School, submitted to the U.S. Army's Ballistics Research Laboratory John Mauchly's proposal to build, ENIAC, the world's first electronic computer. Link to: http://www.ieee.org/organizations/history_center/legacies/brainerd.html

24 April 1981

IBM introduced its first personal computer.

26 April 1961

Robert Noyce patented the integrated circuit. Link to: http://www.ieee.org/organizations/history_center/legacies/noyce.html

A special thank you to the IEEE History Center for supplying these facts. Please visit the History Center website at (www.ieee.org/organizations/history_center).

UFFC History Committee

Have an interest in history?

A History Committee is being formed to bring to our UFFC Society members and the engineering and scientific communities significant and interesting events of the society and its related technologies over the past 50 years. A statement of the committee's vision, mission, and related tasks has been drafted and is given following this paragraph. This is a global venture and we need members from all countries, regions, and society-related technologies. If you are interested in being on the committee and helping develop historical perspectives related to the UFFC Society, contact Fred Hickernell at the following email address, f.hickernell@ieee.org.



Fred Hickernell

History Committee Scope

Vision: The IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society disseminates related technological information through publications, conferences, and its website. The History Committee will bring the added dimension of historical perspective to the society regarding its areas of technology. This historical perspective will foster among members an awareness of their professional history and increase public understanding of the field.

Mission: To promote a better understanding of the IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society and its related technologies through the dissemination of historical information in various forms easily accessible to the scientific, engineering, and general public communities.

To honor significant achievements in the history of the field.

To encourage the preservation of historically important materials and sites.

To collect documents, photographs, and objects pertaining to significant historical events and deposit them in appropriate repositories.

Goals:

I. Preserve and Consolidate Existing Society and Technology History.

Objective: Gather in a convenient and usable form for access by society members and interested parties, historical and technology documentation already in print.

Strategies:

1. Develop a bibliography of historical articles already published in journals, conference proceedings, and newsletters.
2. Develop a similar bibliography representing key milestone contributions to specific areas of the society's scientific and technological interests.
3. Make available selected articles of interest in special publications and on the website. This will be done in cooperation with the editors of society publications and the webmaster

II. Promote New Historical Publications

Objective: To develop written histories from knowledgeable authors in areas of their long-term contributions or interest.

Strategies:

1. Ask previous authors of historical articles to update and extend their contributions for presentation and publication.
2. Ask long-term contributors to particular technologies or society activities to write historical articles or anecdotal short stories or personal reflections.
3. Develop a format for interviewing pioneers of particular technologies and past society activities and have interviews with them for subsequent publication. {Tape or video are possible tools}
4. Consider a long-term set of oral histories to document the life of the society and the fields it covers. Establish a committee to think about who should be interviewed. Consider the IEEE History Center as a possible repository for the interviews.

III. Develop a Global Perspective and Balance on Historical Articles

Objective: To assure that historical contributions come from various countries and cultures and that the contributions are historically accurate.

Strategies:

1. Have on the History Committee at least one representative from a country, region, or technical area
2. Have that representative review, verify, and validate contributions or send the contribution to a competent reviewer.
3. Place contributions on the web for review and comments by interested parties before possible publication.

IV. Actively Promote Sessions on Historical Papers at UFFC-Society Symposia

Objective: To raise the awareness of the scientific and engineering community to the significance of the society's contributions.

Strategies:

1. Use the three symposia of the society to have presentations in oral or poster form related to their particular technology and interests.
2. On special anniversaries of the society, people, technologies, papers, or other key discoveries, have special oral or poster presentations and/or a display booth.

V. Honor for Milestone Events

Objective: To honor sites of historic significance to UFFC Society Technologies

Strategies:

1. Identify significant events in UFFC history for nomination to the IEEE History Center's Milestones Program.
2. Develop commemorative plaques to be mounted at the site of a significant event in electrical history related to UFFC Society technologies.

Historical Bibliography and Anecdotes

The History Committee of the UFFC Society is developing a bibliography of historical articles on the society and its technology developments which have already appeared in the literature. Also we are soliciting short anecdotal stories and personal remembrances (serious, interesting, and funny) of people and places associated with our society and/or its technologies. We will collect these for later publication and website placement. If you have any please email them to f.hickernell@ieee.org. The bibliography information can be sent in the usual format of author, title, and journal/conference/newsletter information. The anecdotes in a story mode. Thanks.

History Committee Activities

The History Committee of the IEEE UFFC Society is looking for historical articles and information on the major technologies represented by our society, its members' contributions over the last half-century, and stories about the UFFC Society itself. We will be celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of the society in 2003 and 2004, particularly with the joint conference in Montreal in August 2004. There is a plan to have sessions of a historical nature in the Montreal 2004 Conference from the three different areas that the UFFC Society represents. Society members are encouraged to submit such papers and suggest potential speakers to the respective technical program committees. The History committee continues to collect information from the worldwide membership in the following areas:

1. Bibliographical information on articles already published in world wide journals, conference proceedings, and newsletters representing the history of technology developments and the society itself.
2. Translations into English of historical papers that appeared in the journals of countries outside the English-speaking world.
3. Anecdotal stories and personal recollections of significant events (factual, invitational, informational, and humorous), which shaped the lives, and careers of our members. This could be just a paragraph or two of some memory you would like to tell about or a major article like the early recollections of the society by Allen Meitzler, the first in stallment, which appeared in the Fall 2002 Newsletter. We will hope to collect a large number of these for separate publication and/or posting on the website.

4. Promotion of historical sessions and plenary speakers at UFFC-Society sponsored conferences. Not only the Montreal Conference but future conferences as well.
 5. A listing of the most significant milestones in the history of the societies' technology of the past century in its major areas of interest
 6. Interviews with the pioneers in our technology field or in the IEEE UFFC Society. Interviews have already been published in the Fall Newsletter of 2001 and Spring 2002.
 7. Promote the historical significance of the technology of the UFFC Society in the wider engineering, scientific, and educational communities.
 8. Support the IEEE History Center with articles and artifacts.
- Please send such information to Fred S. Hickernell, Email: f.hickernell@ieee.org or 5012 East Weldon, Phoenix, Arizona 85018-6141, Phone 602-840-1719**

Fred S. Hickernell
Chair, History Committee

PERSONAL RECOLLECTIONS OF THE EARLY HISTORY OF THE UFFC-S – Part 2

by
Allen H. Meitzler
IEEE Life Fellow



Al Meitzler

This is the second of a three part series by Al Meitzler describing his recollections of the beginnings of the UFFC Society. Part 1 appeared in the September 2002 UFFC Newsletter. We pick up with Chapter 4.

4. Memories of Early Ultrasonics Symposia

For the first few years after the formation of the IRE-PGUE, the leaders of the AdCom felt strongly that it was important, from the point of view of increasing the vitality and

membership of the Group, that the Group hold its own Symposia separate and independent of the IRE March Meeting and Wescon Convention. This objective was realized when the first National Ultrasonics Symposium was held on the campus of Stanford University, CA, on August 17 and 18, 1959. For me, it has always been one of the most memorable of all the Ultrasonics Symposia I have attended. There were several things that contributed to making this a memorable meeting for me. First, this was the occasion of my first trip to the west coast and my first visit to San Francisco. Second, it was at this meeting that I reported my work on the shear-mode, non-dispersive, strip delay line, the device which I regard as the first important invention of my professional career. The Symposium General Chairman was Vincent Salmon of the Stanford Research Institute. Among the outstanding attendees at the meeting were Warren P. Mason and Walter G. Cady. (Cady at the time of this meeting was 85 years old.) In a conversation after the session in which I presented my paper, Cady complimented me on my presentation, an act of kindness that pleased me greatly and that made a lasting impression on my memory.

The banquet for this Ultrasonics Symposium was an other memorable occasion. It was held at Ricky's Hyatt Cabanya Hotel in Palo Alto. The featured after-dinner speaker was W.

G. Cady who was a famous and important man in the history of Ultrasonics. He was the inventor of the quartz-stabilized electronic oscillator, a past-President of the IRE, and the author of the famous textbook, "Piezoelectricity". In his after-dinner speech that evening, Cady reviewed the history of piezoelectricity and its application to ultrasonics and frequency control. He then went on to recount the tale of how the patent attorney at AT&T managed to cheat him out of the credit (and royalties) for the invention of the quartz-stabilized oscillator. There was some irony in this because many of the people in the audience were employees of AT&T Bell Telephone Laboratories.

This meeting was the first and only time I saw W. G. Cady. He was a really fine old gentle man whom I remember very favorably. Not only did he compliment me on my presentation, but later he sent me a list of corrections to his text book along with a personal note. While meeting Walter Cady was an outstanding memorable experience for me, others attending the symposium knew him well. For example, when John May was an undergraduate at Wesleyan University, he had Cady as a Professor in his physics classes.

The second Ultrasonics Symposium, according to the UFFC-S historians, was held November 28-30, 1962, at the School of Applied Science and Engineering, Columbia University, New York City. John E. May, Jr. was the Chairman, I was the Vice-Chairman, and Robert Thurston was the Chairman of the Technical Program Committee. Curiously enough, I have only the vaguest of recollections of this meeting even though I served as the Vice-Chairman. Perhaps the fact that I was Chairman of the PGUE AdCom at this time kept the symposium from making much of an impression on me.

On the other hand, I remember a lot of things about the 1963 Ultrasonics Symposium. I was the Chairman for this symposium, Robert Thurston was the Vice-Chairman, and Thyrgve (Trig) Meeker was the Chairman of the Technical Program Committee. Perhaps the reasons I remember this meeting so well were, first, because of the excitement of being the General Chairman and, second, because of the excitement



Fig. 8. Fred S Hickernell (on the left) and the au thor. The pho to graph was taken Sep tem ber, 2001, in Ann Ar bor, MI.. Fred was the Pres i dent of the UFFC-S dur ing 2001.

of running a symposium in a glamorous place like Washington D.C. I do re mem ber that one of the perks of being the Gen eral Chair man was to have a nice, com pli men tary suite of rooms in the con fer ence ho tel. (The con fer ence ho tel was the Marriott Mo tor Ho tel also known as the “Twin Bridges Ho tel”, if I re member cor rectly.)

Two ar eas as so ci ated with the 1963 Ultrasonics Sym po sium that I can still pic ture in my mind are, first, the suite of rooms I en joyed, and sec ond, the area where the reg is tra tion desk was lo cated. I think the rea son I re mem ber the reg is tra tion area so well was be cause of all the time I spent there try ing to re solve the has sles that go along with peo ple reg is ter ing for meet ings. There was the con fu sion of who reg is tered in ad vance and who didn’t, what kind of pay ment to ac cept, the classes of reg is trants (mem ber, non-mem ber, stu dent), and the amounts they were asked to pay. Even though in those days the reg is tra tion fees were less than \$50, there were still peo ple who com plained bit terly about the size of the reg is tra tion fee. I was glad when the third day of the sym po sium came and the rate of new reg is tra tions per hour fell off to zero. With the ad min istrative re sponsi bil ities that went along with being the Sym po sium Gen eral Chair man, I did not get to spend much time in the tech ni cal ses sions lis ten ing to the pre sen ta tions.

An other per son who does have strong, vivid mem o ries of the 1963 Ultrasonics Sym po sium is Fred S. Hickernell. The 1963 Ultrasonics Sym po sium was the first IEEE meet ing that Fred ever at tended. Be fore that, as a young en gi neer he had at tended other meet ings like APS meet ings. One of the things that he says he re mem bers made a very fa vor able im pres sion on him was that this meet ing was the first meet ing he ever at tended where the Symposium Chairman and the Technical Program Chairman were in the lobby, at the reg is tra tion desk, greet ing the peo ple who came to at tend the meet ing. (Fred, of course, later joined the IEEE and the UFFC-S and for many years served on the UFFC AdCom. In 2001, Fred served as Pres i dent of the UFFC-S.)

Per haps an other thing that con trib uted to the mem o ri bil ity of this meet ing is that it took place shortly af ter the as sas si na tion and bur ial of Pres i dent John F. Ken nedy. One late af ter noon dur ing the meet ing, John Rowen, who was then a Department Head at Bell Telephone Laboratories and my boss, or ga nized an in for mal group of peo ple to walk over the bridge to the Arlington National Cem e tery where Pres i dent Ken nedy was bur ied and pay their re spects at Pres i dent Ken nedy’s grave. Hav ing a num ber of im por tant things to do and being of a con ser vative Repub li can po lit ical per suasion, I chose not to go along.

The fol low ing year, 1964, the Ultrasonics Symposium took place in Santa Monica, CA. This is an other meet ing that made a big im pres sion on me. For this meet ing, Rob ert L. Rod was the Sym po sium Gen eral Chair man and I was the Tech ni cal Program Chair man. Rob ert L. Rod was the founder of Acoustica As so ci ates, an in dus trial ultrasonics firm lo cated on Long Is land. Sev eral years be fore 1964, Rod had sold his in ter est in Acoustica As so ci ates and moved to the Santa Monica area, hence the reason he was in ter ested in promot ing an Ultrasonics sym po sium in the area and serv ing as its Gen eral Chair man. John Rowen, al though not at the time on the IEEE-GSU AdCom, was Head of the Ul tra sonic De vice De partment and an im por tant, behind-the-scenes in flu ence on the de cisions that were made by the BTL mem bers of the AdCom. Rowen was wor ried whether or not Rod was a good choice as Gen eral Chair man. Rod was more of a dy namic busi ness man, a wheel er-dealer type, rather than a con ser vative en gi neer. Rowen was con cerned about whether or not Rod was go ing to be re spon si ble enough to carry out the du ties of the sym po sium Gen eral Chair man. For tu nately for the rep u ta tion of the Ultrasonics Sym po sium and the IEEE-GSU, the meet ing went off very well and was quite suc cess ful.

Again, some of the things that con trib uted to the mem o ri bil ity of this meet ing were; first, it was a west-coast meet ing; and sec ond, it was lo cated at a glam orous site with a beau ti ful beach, palm trees, and a pic tur esque view of the Pa cific ocean. Most im por tant of all, it was at this meet ing at which I met Cecil E. Land. Af ter one of the ses sions, Cecil came up to me and in tro duced him self to me. He told me he was em ployed by the Sandia Cor po ra tion in Al bu quer que, NM, and was work ing on piezo ceramic trans duc er ma te ri als. He said that he had en joyed read ing sev eral of my pa pers and wanted to meet me. We be came im me di ate friends and this friend ship be came one of the deep est and most in flu en tial friend ships of my pro fes sional career. Cecil Land and I were both active on the IEEE-GSU Ferro elec trics Com mit tee from its in cep tion and later he be came the Chair man of the Ferro elec trics Com mit tee serv ing in that ca pac ity from 1978 to 1990¹

There is one other in ter est ing his tor i cal item that hap pened at the 1964 Ultrasonics sym po sium. The last few de cades have seen a tre men dous growth in the area of SAW (sur face acous-

¹ Cecil Land died in Jan u ary 1998 and the UFFC-S hon ored him by ded i cat ing the July 2000 is sue of the *IEEE Transactions on UFFC* to him. Ahmad Sa fari and I shared the honor of serv ing as the guest ed i tors for this spe cial is sue.

² The pa per by Rowen was listed in the sup ple men tary pro gram as “J6 High Fre quency Dispersive Ul tra sonic De lay Lines”. In the text of the ab stract the words “sur face wave grat ing de lay line” are used.

tic wave) de vices. John Rowen gave the first pa per on a sur face ar ray trans ducer struc ture to pro duce sur face waves on crys tal line quartz at this meet ing. The pa per was in cluded into the pro gram as a post-dead line pa per and, as such, was not in cluded in the printed ad vance pro gram for the meet ing; but the ti tle and ab stract were pub lished in the Fi nal Pro gram sup ple ment for the 1964 Sym posium on Sonics and Ultrasonics. (The text of the ab stract is in the Dig i tal Ar chive of the UFFC and can be found by sim ply typ ing J. H. Rowen into the search en gine. Un for tu nately, there never was a fol low-up pa per pub lished by Rowen in a tech ni cal jour nal, but there was a pat ent ap pli ca tion filed and a U.S. pat ent is sued³)

The fol low ing year, 1965, the Ultrasonics Sym posium moved back to the east coast. The site of the sym po sium was Boston, MA. For me, the 1965 Ultrasonics Sym po sium was mem o ra ble, not so much for the events that took place dur ing the sym po sium, al though I am sure there must have been a num ber of fine pa pers pre sented, but rather for things that hap pened be fore and af ter the Sym po sium. Da vid L. Arenberg was the Gen eral Chair man for this sym posium. Dave Arenberg and John May had worked to gether in a Navy Re search lab o ra tory dur ing the later days of World War II and were old friends. It was this asso ci a tion that launched John May on his ca reer in ul tra sonic de lay lines. In any event, some time a few months be fore the meet ing, John May ar ranged for the two of us to visit Dave and check out the ar range ments for the Ultrasonics Sym po sium. As part of the visit, Dave gave us a guided tour of Boston and MIT. Dave had a mem ber ship in the sail ing club at MIT, so it was pos si ble for him to ar range to rent a sail boat and take John and me for a sail on the Charles River. The ride in the small, open sail boat and the roast beef dinner at the fa mous Durgin Park res tau rant are two of my fond mem o ries of the Boston meet ing.

In con trast to my fond mem o ries, there was a no ta ble event as so ci ated with the Boston meet ing that left hor ri ble mem o ries for sev eral at ten dees. The 1965 Ultrasonics Sym po sium was a three-day meet ing, cov er ing Wed nes day, Thurs day, and Fri day. Many of the at ten dees, my self in cluded, lived on the East Coast and so it was pos si ble, if you wanted to get home Friday evening, to catch an evening airplane flight from Boston. In those days, East ern Air lines was still in ex is tence and fly ing the “East ern Air lines Shut tle”. The shut tle had the nice fea ture that no ad vance ticket was needed. You showed up at the gate, bought a ticket, and boarded the next flight out, which is just what I did. I ar rived home Fri day eve ning with out any dif fi cul ties.

The fol low ing Sat ur day morn ing started out like any other week end Sat ur day in the Fall. Some time dur ing the morn ing, I re ceived a tele phone call from Stan ley Jacke. Stan lived in the New Eng land area and worked at Branson Ultrasonics. We were good friends from our as so ci a tions in IEEE ac tiv i ties and meet ings. He re ported that an East ern Air line’s shut tle, fly ing

from Boston to New ark, had a mid-air col li sion and had gone down in a farmer’s field some where in New Jer sey. He was call ing to find out if I was on the plane and was pleased to hear that I was not. A lit tle while later, af ter I fin ished talk ing to Stan, I got an other call from Friedolph Smits. Friedolph had be come the head of the Ultrasonic Device Department at Murray Hill, in which I was in cluded. He was call ing to see if I was OK and if I had any in for ma tion on who in our de part ment might have been fly ing on the air plane that crashed. I told him that I did not know of any one in our de part ment who had plans to fly back from Boston on Sat ur day morn ing.

As I found out later, there were peo ple on the plane who were re turn ing from the Boston Ultrasonics Sym po sium. At the time of this writ ing, the two peo ple whose names I know for sure are War ren Ma son and Eric Hafner. Both men sus tained in ju ries that re quired them to spend some pe riod of time in the hos pi tal for re cov ery. War ren Ma son seemed to get over the ac ci dent very well, and re sumed trav el ing to meet ings in a short time, as if noth ing had hap pened. For Eric Hafner, it was a more traumatic ex pe ri ence. On sev eral oc ca sions, years later, I tried to en gage him in con ver sa tions about the ac ci dent. On one of these oc ca sions, he told me that, af ter the ac ci dent, it took him two years be fore he was able to book an air plane flight and travel by air. On those sev eral oc ca sions when I talked to Eric about the ac ci dent, I would say, “Eric, why don’t you write up your rec ol lec tions of that flight for pub li ca tion in the UFFC-S News let ter. It would make in ter est ing read ing for a lot of the UFFC-S mem bers.” Eric’s re ply, was al ways the same, “I don’t want to talk about it or write about it; I don’t even want to think about it.”

There is one other sad as so ci a tion that I have with the 1965 Ultrasonics Sym po sium in Boston. Dave Arenberg, who was the Gen eral Chair man, lived in Roch es ter, Mas sa chu setts. A finer, more pleas ant in di vid ual would be hard to imag ine. He was mur dered in his home six years later, on Sep tem ber 7, 1971⁴.

There were other mem o ra ble meet ings in the late 1960s and early 1970s in clud ing meet ings in Cleve land, New York City, St. Louis, Mi ami, and Van cou ver, B.C. I will leave it to oth ers to bring these meet ing to life with their rec ol lec tions.

5. Mem o ries of Early Fre quency Con trol Sym po siums

I joined Bell Tele phone Lab o ra to ries in the Fall of 1955. I think the first Fre quency Con trol sym po sium I at tended was in 1957. In those days, the sym po siums were un der the spon sor ship and con trol of the U.S. Army Sig nal Corps head quar tered in Ft. Monmouth, New Jer sey. Ft. Monmouth is close to re sort com mu ni ties along the NJ shore. In the late 1950s and early 1960s the Fre quency Con trol Sym po siums were held in places like Asbury Park and At lan tic City. The meet ings were held in lux u ri ous and, at one time, grand ho tels on the ocean front. In Asbury Park, the ho tel was the Berke ley-Cartaret Ho tel, in At lan tic City it was the Shelburne Ho tel.

³ Pat ent No. 3,289,114, “Tapped Ul tra sonic De lay Line and Uses There for”, filed Nov. 29, 1966.

⁴ His obit u ary was pub lished in the Jan u ary 1972 is sue of the *IEEE Transactions on Sonics and Ultrasonics*. Along with many de tails of his ac com plish ments dur ing a long and pro duc tive ca reer, the obit u ary re ported the fol low ing: “He was liv ing in the fam ily’s home at the mo ment of his un timely death. He was found brut ally beaten at the hands of an un known sail ant. The world loses im mea sur ably in his pass ing. The loss of a kind, ded i cated, gen tle friend is made all the greater by the sense less ness of the man ner of his pass ing.”

The first Frequency Control Symposium I attended was in 1957 at the Berkeley-Cartaret Hotel in Asbury Park. I managed to get approval to attend two days of the 1957 Symposium. My wife liked very much to spend time on the beach at the NJ shore, so she decided to go along with me and arranged for a relative to care for our first son, who was then only two years old. Since we had decided rather late to attend the symposium, we wound up staying in a motel near the conference hotel, rather than in the conference hotel itself.

One of the main reasons I wanted to attend the meeting was to have a chance to meet Prof. Raymond D. Mindlin. Professor Mindlin was the leader of the dominant research activity, located at Columbia University in New York City, in the analysis of vibrations in bounded solids. He had for many years a continuing research contract with the Army Signal Corps concerned with the analysis of the vibrations of quartz plates. Prof. Mindlin was always the featured speaker at Frequency Control Symposia, usually being the first presenter of a paper on the program. I attended the opening session and heard the paper that Prof. Mindlin presented.

During the lunch break between the morning and afternoon session, I happened to see Prof. Mindlin at the coffee shop lunch counter by himself. "Aha", I said to myself, "Here is my chance to meet him." Fortunately, there was an empty seat beside him, so I went up to the counter, sat in the empty seat, and introduced myself to him as Allen Meitzler, someone who recently joined Bell Telephone Laboratories in Roger Sykes' Department. After the preliminary introduction, I began to ask him some technical questions about the modes of propagation predicted by the Rayleigh-Lamb equation for stress waves in a plate, since at the time I was particularly interested in the subject and I knew Prof. Mindlin had done some pioneering work in mapping out the general nature of these modes of propagation. I was in the middle of explaining something to him that was bothering me, when suddenly he stopped me and said, "Who are you? Where do you come from? You talk just like one of my students!" I was momentarily taken aback by this abrupt question, but I recovered and then explained to him that I did my graduate work at Lehigh University on an experimental study of transient stress wave propagation at the impacted end of a cylindrical bar and that my thesis professor was Prof. Cassius Curtis. After the mystery of my origins was cleared up, we continued on with the discussion and had a pleasant, brief conversation until it was time for him to leave. And that was my introduction to Prof. Mindlin. Of course, neither one of us knew at that time, that one of his graduate students, Harry Tiersten, would within a few years join Bell Telephone Laboratories in the Ultrasonic Device Department headed by John Rowen in which I would be working.

Meeting Prof. Mindlin was the most memorable event of the first Frequency Control Symposium that I attended. There was one other thing that impressed me about that first Frequency Control Symposium. Located on the top floor of the

conference hotel was a hospitality suite. If I recall correctly, it was actually located in a large ball room with a view overlooking the ocean. There was an open bar and a large table loaded down with all sorts of good food. The hospitality room was of course sponsored by vendors who were interested in selling equipment to the engineers and management people attending the meeting. There were a number of tables and chairs spread around the room, so that you could get a drink at the bar, load up a plate with food at the main table, and then find a smaller table at which to sit down with friends and discuss whatever subjects came to mind. The hospitality room made a big impression on me because it was the first time I had ever experienced anything like it at a technical conference. Up until then, I had attended meetings like the American Physical Society meetings or Acoustical Society meetings or the IRE meetings such as the International Conventions in New York City or the Ultrasonics Symposia. These meetings, by comparison, were rather austere.

Between 1957 and 1965, I probably attended several of the Frequency Control Symposia since they were close by my work locations in Whippany and Murray Hill NJ. The next Frequency Control Symposium from which I still have specific recollections was the 1965 Frequency Control Symposium held at the Shelburne Hotel in Atlantic City. What made this one memorable was a combination of circumstances. About a month before the Symposium, I bought a new 1965 Buick "Sportwagon" an intermediate size station wagon. I was able to arrange for myself and three members of my supervisory group at Murray Hill to attend the symposium and drive down to Atlantic City together in my new car. The other three people making the trip were Gerald (Jerry) Coquin, Erhard Sittig, and Harry Tiersten⁵. Of the four of us, Jerry was the only one presenting a paper. It was a paper on the use of tapped delay-line structures as filters. We all had a great time and the conversations that went on, driving down and back and at various meals together were thoroughly stimulating and enjoyable. I regret that I didn't have the foresight to take a tape recorder along with me.

One other odd little detail that I do remember from that meeting is that on one evening, looking for some kind of entertainment, we went to see the movie "The Sound of Music". This movie was a musical starring Julie Andrews and Christopher Plummer. It came out in 1965, a few weeks before the symposium. Being something of a Julie Andrews fan, I persuaded my three companions to go along with me to see the movie. I enjoyed the movie. After we came out of the movie, I asked my three companions what they thought of it. Harry and Jerry thought it was "all right"; Erhard didn't like it. I asked Erhard why he didn't like the movie. Erhard, who grew up in Germany during the 30s and 40s, replied, "The movie has all this beautiful scenery of the Austrian Alps and the Austrian buildings, and the people in Austrian costumes, but every time the actors opened their mouths, whether talking or singing, the

⁵ Around 1965, I was extremely fortunate, as a supervisor at Bell Telephone Laboratories in the Ultrasonic Device Department, to have three extraordinarily talented, productive people in my supervisory group: Jerry Coquin, Erhard Sittig, and Harry Tiersten.

⁶ In the last few years, the movie has become a "camp film" classic. There is a movie theater in London, England that, every year, shows the film. People come dressed in the costumes of their favorite characters and the audience sings along with the characters all of the songs in the movie.

words came out in English.” The incongruity of it all was more than Erhard could stomach.⁶

The 1966 Frequency Control Symposium was another symposium with some memorable events. The meeting began on a Monday and I arrived in Atlantic City late Sunday afternoon, again driving down from Morristown NJ where I was living. After I checked into the hotel, one of the first persons I met was Prof. Morio Onoe. I knew Morio Onoe well because he had been a guest Member of Technical Staff in the Ultrasonic Device Department for a year. He was attending the symposium and was scheduled to give a paper the opening day. We sat down at a table close to the registration desk and started a conversation. Suddenly, I was alarmed to observe Morio faint and collapse in the chair in which he was sitting. His collapse lasted less than a minute and, fortunately, turned out to be nothing more serious than fatigue from the stress of travel. After we were able to resume our conversation, Morio asked me if I would listen to him as he rehearsed the paper that he was going to present the next day. The reason he wanted to do this was to improve his English pronunciation and grammar. We met in his room later that evening and went over his speech. I must admit that, at the time, I failed to appreciate the significance of the paper he was presenting at the meeting. It turned out that this 1966 Frequency Control Symposium was the first meeting at which papers presenting the basic ideas and design theory for the monolithic crystal filters were presented. There were two competing groups working on the same basic ideas and presenting two related papers. The one group was at the Allentown location of Bell Telephone Laboratories with their work presented in a paper co-authored by R. A. Sykes and W. D. Beaver; and presented by Roger Sykes. The other group was at the University of Tokyo with their paper co-authored by M. Onoe, H. Jumonji, and N. Kobori, and presented by Morio Onoe.

The invention of the quartz, monolithic crystal filter is one of those cases of essentially independent, simultaneous invention by two different groups. Certainly, regardless of the details of the initial invention, it was one of the important developments in the field of ultrasonic devices during the 1960s, and it was an invention that spawned an intense amount of research and development and that led to the formation and growth of a major branch of the electronic components industry. Many years later, in the 1990s, a patent suit would be brought in a U.S. Federal Court by AT&T Bell Telephone Laboratories to establish the priority of Bell System patents and to enable AT&T to collect royalties from manufacturers of monolithic crystal filters, but the suit was unsuccessful. The 1966 Frequency Control Symposium was the last Frequency Control Symposium I attended in the 60s. The department I was in at Murray Hill was undergoing a change in activity from ultrasonic devices to optical memory and display devices. (To me, it seemed clear that the management at Bell Telephone Laboratories at this time was trying to accomplish two objectives: (1) reduce the size of the ultrasonic device activity at Murray Hill and (2) shift the focus of device development from military system applications to Bell System applications.) In the late '60s my personal development work changed from piezoelectric transducers and delay line struc-



Fig. 9. Morio Onoe (on the left) and the author. This photograph was taken in February 1990, at a conference on Micro-electromechanical Systems (MEMS) in Napa Valley, CA. At the time Morio Onoe was the Vice-President of Research for the Ricoh Corporation, Japan.

tures to transparent ferroelectric ceramics and the development of image storage and display devices. In spite of this and a few other career changes, I did manage to attend a few Frequency Control Symposia over the years in the decades of the 70s, 80s, and 90s.

The emphasis in this history is on events that took place more than two decades ago. There is one more recent Frequency Control Symposium that I want to mention because it was a great source of pleasure to me, that is the 1995 Frequency Control Symposium that took place in San Francisco. This was the Symposium at which Arthur (Art) Warner received the UFFC-S Achievement Award. The citation that accompanied it stated: “For his nearly 60 years of pioneering and wide-ranging contributions to the design and fabrication of high-stability quartz resonators.” Art Warner was certainly one of the people in the UFFC whom I knew over the longest period of time. I first met Art early in 1955 when I went on a two-day series of interviews to several different locations at Bell Telephone Laboratories. Art Warner was one of the persons in Roger Sykes’ department at Whippany who interviewed me. I can still remember clearly sitting in his office-laboratory, talking to him, and looking at the interesting collection of raw quartz samples and finished quartz crystal resonators that he had sitting around his laboratory. One of the things that we both shared in common from the outset was an association with Lehigh University in Bethlehem PA. Art had done a year of graduate study in the Physics Department at Lehigh before he left to join Bell. Over the years, I had a close personal friendship with Art. After I left Bell and joined Ford and moved to Ann Arbor, Art visited us several times as a house guest when he came out to Ann Arbor on personal business. In addition to Art Warner’s contributions to the development of quartz resonators and the investigation of new piezoelectric materials, Art also made significant contributions to the development of IEEE Std 176-1978 and 176-1987. Art Warner certainly well-deserved the Achievement Award and I was very pleased to be present when he received the award and to be able to congratulate him. Another close personal

friend, who was present at the 1995 FCS and helped to make it an enjoyable time, was my old friend Harry Tiersten. We had a few excellent dinners in some of San Francisco's finest restaurants, one of the dinners in the company of John Vig, the General Chairman of the meeting. After the meeting ended, Harry and I spent one day visiting nearby Muir Woods and enjoying a walk through the magnificent forest of Sequoias.

Most recently, in 2001, I attended the Frequency Symposium in Seattle. Very few of my friends from the '60s and '70s were there. Harry Tiersten was there and even gave a paper in spite of suffering from a physical problem. Eric Hafner was there. At one of the evening social events, I was pleased to meet again W. (Bill) D. Beaver, one of the people involved in the early development of the quartz monolithic crystal filter and now (in 2001) running a quartz resonator manufacturing plant in Singapore.

6. Memories of Early Ferroelectrics Committee and ISAF Meetings

From the beginning of my career at Bell Telephone Laboratories I had a strong interest on the application of ferroelectric materials to electronic devices. My primary interest in ferroelectric materials in the early stages of my career, during the period from 1955 to 1965, was as transducers for ultrasonic delay lines. A number of my early publications are on the subject of the measurement and characterization of ferroelectrics as transducer materials. Then too, the department at Bell headed by Roger Sykes, at the time I joined it in October 1955, had an activity concerned with the development of ferroelectric memory devices. Two close friends engaged in the BaTiO₃ memory device activity were Henry Stadler and Thyrgve (Trig) Meeker. It was natural enough, when Prof. Charles Pulvari of Catholic University, Washington, D.C., proposed the formation of a Ferroelectrics Committee to promote further activity in the IEEE GSU, that I became one of the individuals involved in the formation and development of the committee. During that time period, I was serving as Secretary-Treasurer of the Group and this activity also made it useful for me to be involved.

The earliest meetings of the Ferroelectrics Committee took place in a small conference room, (The conference room couldn't have been much larger than about 8 by 12 ft.) off the main office of the Department of Electrical Engineering, at Catholic University. Prof. Pulvari was the Chairman of the Department. From the outset, I believe that Prof. Pulvari had in mind as a major objective of the committee, the enhancement of the ferroelectrics effort within the GSU by building a separate meeting on ferroelectrics. Among the very early people involved in these meetings, in addition to Prof. Pulvari and myself, were people like Cecil Land of Sandia, Prof. L. Eric Cross of Pennsylvania State University, Stuart Kurtz of Philips Laboratories, and George Taylor of RCA Laboratories.

The result of this effort led to the first "Symposium on Applications of Ferroelectrics", held some time during 1968. This was a two day meeting (a morning and afternoon session on two days, with no parallel sessions) held at Catholic University in an auditorium in one of the engineering buildings on the campus. Prof. Pulvari was the General Chairman and Henry Stadler was the

Program Chairman. I remember that I gave a paper on the application of ferroelectric materials in ultrasonic devices operating above 100 MHz. As I recall there was a banquet and, if I remember correctly, it was held in the dining room of a nearby motel. The meeting wound up making a loss of few hundred dollars. The fact that the meeting wound up with a loss greatly distressed Prof. Pulvari; so much so, that Henry Stadler volunteered to make up the deficit by making a personal contribution. In those days, the financial situations of the GSU and the parent IEEE were precarious and budgets were tight. The next "Symposium on Applications of Ferroelectrics" was not held until 1971. This too was a low cost meeting held using the auditorium facilities at the IBM Watson Research Laboratory. A. W. Smith was the General Chairman and L. E. Cross was the Program Chairman. I was there, but I really remember very little about this meeting. The papers from this meeting were collected and published in Vol. 3 parts 2, 3, 4 of the journal "Ferroelectrics".

The record of the first ferroelectrics symposiums is in complete and not accessible even in the UFFC Digital Archive. There is no collection of the papers from the first symposium and not even a program that I know of. The papers from the 1971 meeting and the '75, '79, and '83 meetings were published in "Ferroelectrics" and, as a result, are not in the UFFC Digital Archive. To some people looking back on this situation, this may seem as if the organizers of these early meetings were lax in making proper arrangements. My perception, as someone who attended committee meetings in those days is somewhat different. The attitude of the parent GSU AdCom towards the Ferroelectrics Committee was something like the attitude of a parent towards an unwanted step child. Many of the AdCom members felt that the ferroelectrics activity was not all that relevant to the main activity of the GSU, but they were willing to tolerate it as long as the ferroelectrics activity was able to conduct its meetings on a basis that did not burden the GSU with financial losses. The desire to avoid losses from publication costs was the major reason for transferring the copy right to the papers collected at several early ferroelectrics symposiums. The symposium organizing committees provided the authors of papers with an expense-free publication in exchange for the copy rights.

One indication of the low status held by the ferroelectrics activity in the GSU scheme of things can be found in searching for any mention of the Ferroelectrics Committee in issues of the GSU Newsletter. Early issues of the GSU Newsletter can be found in the UFFC Digital Archive. No mention of the existence of a Ferroelectrics Committee or of a ferroelectrics symposium can be found in the Newsletter until the June 1971 issue. In a routine listing of the committees associated with the GSU, the existence of the Ferroelectrics Committee is finally acknowledged and listed as follows:

C. F. Pulvari, Chair man

G. Burns	A. H. Meitzler
L. E. Cross	R. E. Nettleton
S. E. Cummins	A. W. Smith
H. Jaffe	H. L. Stadler
C. E. Land	G. W. Taylor
W. N. Lawless	H. H. Wieder
I. Lefkowitz	

	Date	Location	General Chair/Co-Chairs	Program Chair/Co-chairs	Proceedings
1 st	1968	Catholic University,	C. Pulvari	H. Stadler	-
2 nd	June 7, 1971	IBM Watson Research Labs.	A. W. Smith	L. E. Cross	Ferroelectrics Vol. 3 parts 2,3,4 1972
3 rd	June 9, 1975	Albuquerque, NM	C. E. Land, and A. M. Glass	L. E. Cross	Ferroelectrics Vol. 10, 11 1976
4 th	June 13, 1979	Minneapolis, MN	S. T. Liu	L. E. Cross	Ferroelectrics 27, and 28, Jan. 1980
5 th	June 1, 1983	Gaithersburg, MD	R. C. Pohanka	W. N. Lawless	Ferroelectrics Vol.49, 50, and 51
6 th	June 8, 1986	Lehigh University, PA	W. A. Smith	R. E. Newnham	IEEE
7 th	June 6, 1990	University of IL at Urbana-Champaign, IL	D. Payne	S. K. Krupanidi, and S. Kurtz	IEEE
8 th	August 30, 1992	Greenville, SC	G. Haertling	A. Kingon	IEEE
9 th	August 7, 1994	Penn State University, PA	A. Bhalla	A. Bhalla and R. Guo	IEEE
10 th	August 18, 1996	Rutgers University/East Brunswick New Jersey,	A. Safari	T. Shrouf and T. R. Gururaja	IEEE
11 th	August 24, 1998	Montreux, Switzerland	N. Setter	N. Setter and D. Damjanaovic	IEEE
12 th	July 30, 2000	Honolulu, Hawaii	A. Kingon and D. Viehland	S. T. McKinstry, S. Pilgrim and N. Ichinose	IEEE
13 th	2002	Kyoto, Japan	D. Payne and T. Takenaka	-	IEEE
14 th	2004	Montreal, Quebec Ontario	S. Pilgrim and W. A. Schulze	-	IEEE

Table 2. A Summary of Information about ISAF Meetings (Prepared by L. E. Cross)

Table 2, shown above, is a summary listing of the “International Symposia on Applications of Ferroelectrics” from 1968 to 2004. I believe the emphasis on the growth of the meeting and the emphasis on its international nature began with the 1975 meeting. One thought that strikes me when I look at this table is that I was very fortunate, in spite of the fact that my career activities changed drastically when I went from Bell Laboratories to Ford Research in November, 1972, I was still able to attend all of the ISAF meetings from 1968 to 1998. I missed the meeting in Hawaii in 2000 and I doubt that I will make the meeting in Kyoto, Japan in 2002.

Looking back over this list of ISAF meetings, I have many pleasant memories and I won’t attempt to relate, at this time,

one or two stories from each of the meetings. There is, however, one meeting that I especially want to talk about and that is the 1975 ISAF held in Albuquerque NM and co-chaired by my good friend Cecil Land.

During the decade of the ‘60s, an important development in the field of ferroelectric ceramics was the invention, development, characterization, and application of PLZT ceramics by Gene Haertling and Cecil Land at the Sandia Corporation in Albuquerque, NM. My last few years on the staff of BTL were spent working primarily on the development of PLZT optical memory and display devices. By chance, even though I was working at Ford Motor Co. on ceramic sensors for automotive emission control systems, I was able to put together a contributed



Fig. 10. Cecil E. Land.
Cecil Land worked at Sandia National Laboratories for 35 years before retiring as a Distinguished Member of Technical Staff in 1991. This photograph was taken around the time of his retirement.

paper entitled “Structural Transformations occasioned by Crystallographic Shear in PLZT and TiO₂ Ceramics”. (I believe this was the last paper that I ever gave at an ISAF meeting.) However, my reason for wanting to talk about the 1975 ISAF does not involve me, but rather Cecil Land.

On one of the evenings during this meeting, Cecil Land hosted, at his own expense, for a group of about fifty people, a dinner. This banquet was co-hosted by Cecil and his wife Betty and given at their expense as an expression of their thanks to all the individuals present for their friendship and support. The people present included members of the Ferroelectrics Committee, members of the the symposium

committee, close associates on the staff at Sandia and even a few members of Sandia management. I always thought this was remarkably generous, warm-hearted, and noble-spirited thing for Cecil and his wife to do

An other memorable thing that happened at this meeting, is that one evening, I don't remember which one, James (Jim) C. King invited Warren Mason and me to his house for cocktails and conversation. Jim was a member of Roger Sykes' department at the time I joined BTL and specialized in studying defect structures in single-crystal quartz. He was made the first

head of the Ultrasonic Device Department set up at Allentown to manufacture delay lines and, later, transferred with a promotion to Director to Sandia. If I recall correctly, Jim had a collection of antique rifles, which he showed to Warren Mason and me; and, all in all, it was a pleasant evening of drinks and conversation.

I have many pleasant memories of all the Ferroelectrics Symposiums that I attended. It was to members of the Ferroelectrics Committee, and primarily to Cecil Land, that I am indebted for the support needed to receive the award of the IEEE Fellow Membership Grade. Over our years of association, Cecil and I formed a deep friendship. It is that fact that makes me want to say a few words about the ISAF that took place at Lehigh University. Lehigh University was the place where I attended graduate school as a Physics major and earned a Ph.D. It was a memorable meeting for several reasons. The food at the social hour and the banquet was outstanding. In addition, and what is much more important, it was the last symposium that Cecil Land attended before his illness with emphysema forced him into retirement. I do remember, one evening we sat together in a large room in the Administration building on the Lehigh campus and talked for a long time about the many experiences we had shared and the people we had known. I think Cecil sensed that this was probably going to be the last time we would see each other; and in deed, that turned out to be the case. Cecil was a fine man, a productive, creative scientist and, a great friend, and I never attend a Ferroelectrics Symposium or a Ferroelectrics Committee without think ing of him and wish ing that he were still with us.

The Final installment of Al Meitzler's recollections will appear in the Fall 2003 UFFC News letter.

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John Vig reports some statistics for Xplore usage comparing us age in October 2001 and 2002.

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113,658 pages pub lished in 2002

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Editor's Comments



Jan Brown,
Newsletter Editor.

Opportunity to Volunteer

In this issue you will notice that a number of articles and reports are asking for volunteers. There are over 392 volunteer positions in the Society plus the roughly 668 potential reviewers of the Transactions registered with Manuscript Central. Given that our Society has a little over 2300 members, this means that roughly 46% of our membership is serving in some volunteer capacity. It is the efforts of all the volunteers that keep our society technically strong and vibrant. There are more

op por tu ni ties to serve. There are va cant po si tions on the var i ous com mit tees of AdCom and es pe cially Stan dards. Please let any So ci ety of fi cer know of your de sire to serve.

2003 marks the 50th an ni ver sary of the So ci ety. The cel ebra tion of this mile stone will take place at the Joint Con fer ence of all three of our tech ni cal com mu ni ties in Mon treal in Au gust 2004. Fred Hickernell, on be half of the UFFC His tory Com mit tee, is ask ing you for **short anecdotal stories and**

personal remembrances (se ri ous, in ter est ing, and funny) of peo ple and places as so ci ated with our so ci ety and/or its tech no log ies. Now is your op por tu nity to con trib ute to the his tor i cal ar chive of UFFC. Please take this op por tu nity to an swer Fred's so li ci ta tion for con trib u tions.

Thank you

Thank all of you who sent ar ti cles and pho tos in for this is sue. The pho tos cap ture what words can not and pro vide a way for us to see each other. Thanks to the photog raphers and photo con trib u tors of this issue Clemens Ruppel, Reinhard Lerch, Ken Yamada, Mike Garvey, Sorah Rhee, John Vig, Steve Jefferts, Kirk Shung, Ewald Benes, Kang-Lyeol Ha, Jan Brown, Al Meitzler, and Gerry Blessing. Special ap pre ci a tion to Andrea Wat son and her col leagues at IEEE head quar ters for the pro duc tion work and for their pa tience as we dil i gently missed dead lines.

Please con tinue to send me (jan.brown@ieee.org) in for ma tion and pho tos as events oc cur so that we may post them on the Web and in clude them in the Fall News let ter.

Jan Brown
UFFC-SNewsletter Editor

Future UFFC-S Symposia

2004 IEEE International Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control 50th Anniversary Joint Conference

UFFC-S's 50th anniversary celebration

2003 marks the 50th anniversary of the Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society. To honor the occasion all three major UFFC-S sponsored symposia will join together for a single conference to be held in August in Montreal Canada.

Location: Palais des Congrès de Montréal
Montréal, Canada
24-27 August, 2004
Tutorials and Short Courses on August
23, 2004

Dates: Tutorials/Short Courses: Monday 23
August 2004
Technical Sessions: Tuesday-Friday 24-29
August 2004

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FREQUENCY CONTROL SYMPOSIA

2003 IEEE International Frequency Control Symposium and PDA Exhibition Jointly With the 17th European Frequency and Time Forum

Location: Marriott Waterside Hotel,
Tampa, Florida, USA

Dates: Tutorials: May 4 (Sunday);
Technical sessions: May 5-8
(Mon-Thur)

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ULTRASONICS SYMPOSIA

2003 IEEE International Ultrasonics Symposium

October 5-8, 2003
Honolulu, Hawaii

General Co-Chairs:

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